

# AI

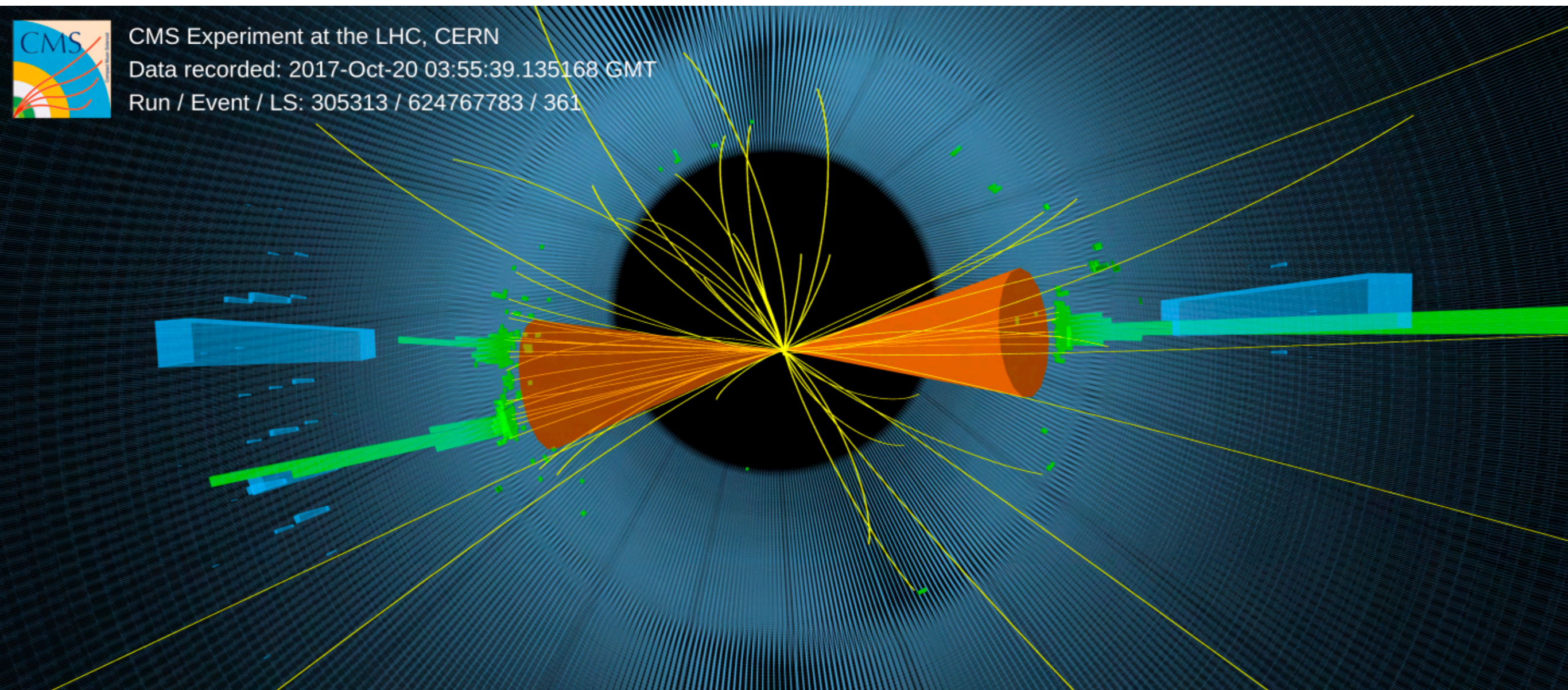


# Computing For Big Data Experiments

Philip Harris MIT



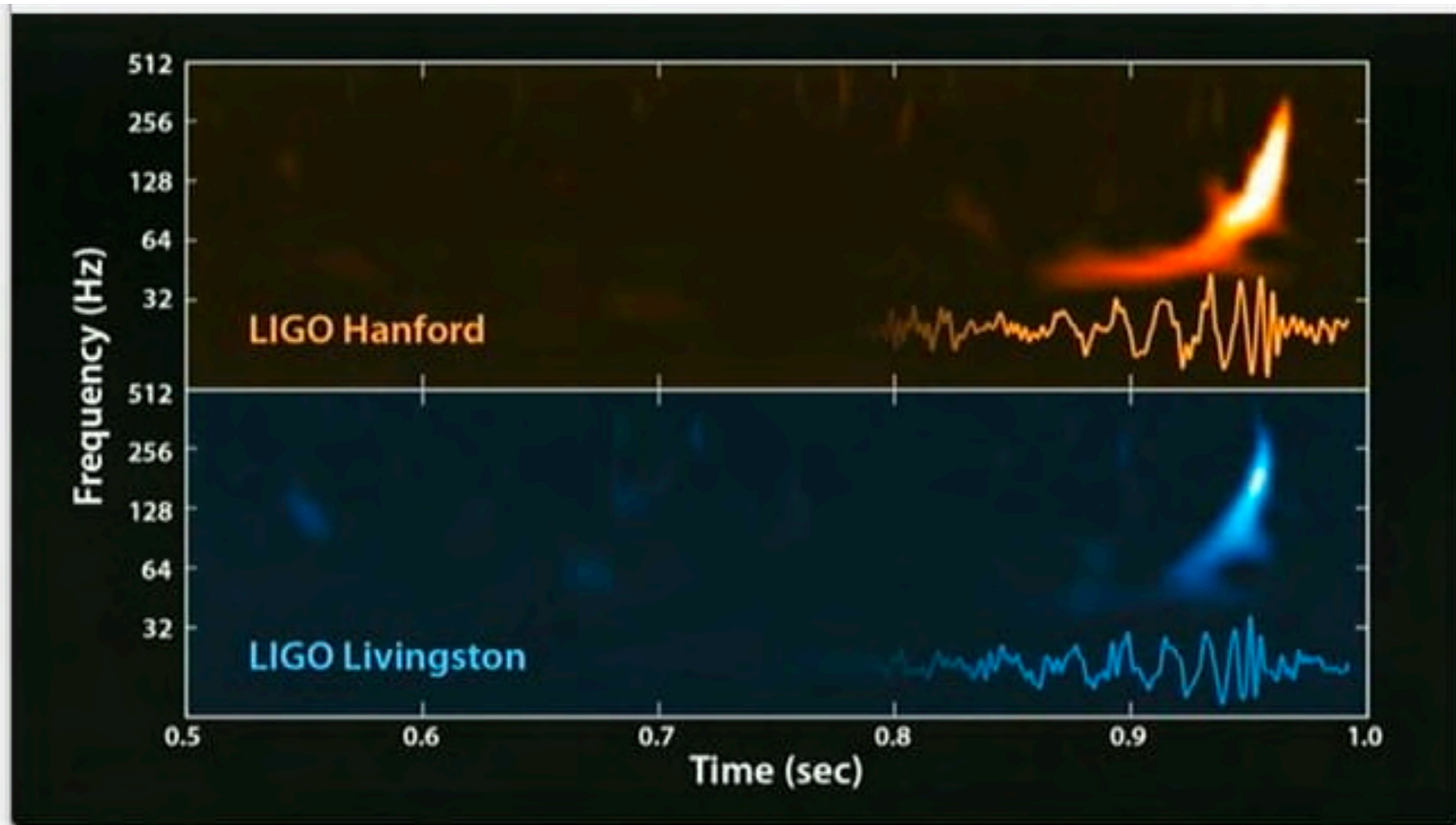
# LHC Challenge:<sup>2</sup> Can we process every collision?



- LHC collides 40 Million times per second
- Each collision is about 10 MB of data

**400 Tera Bytes Per Second**

# LIGO Challenge:<sup>3</sup> Can we find all mergers

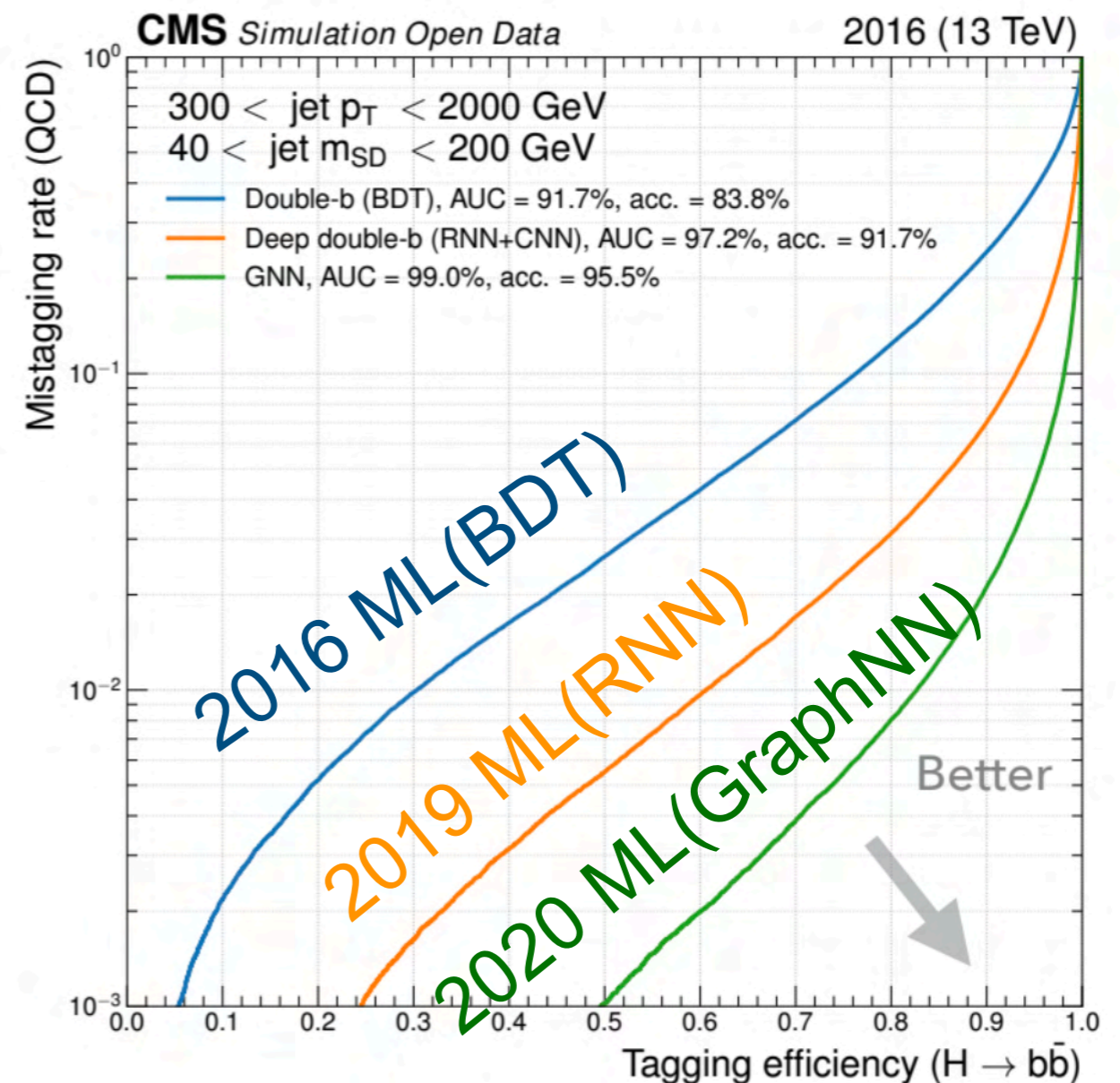
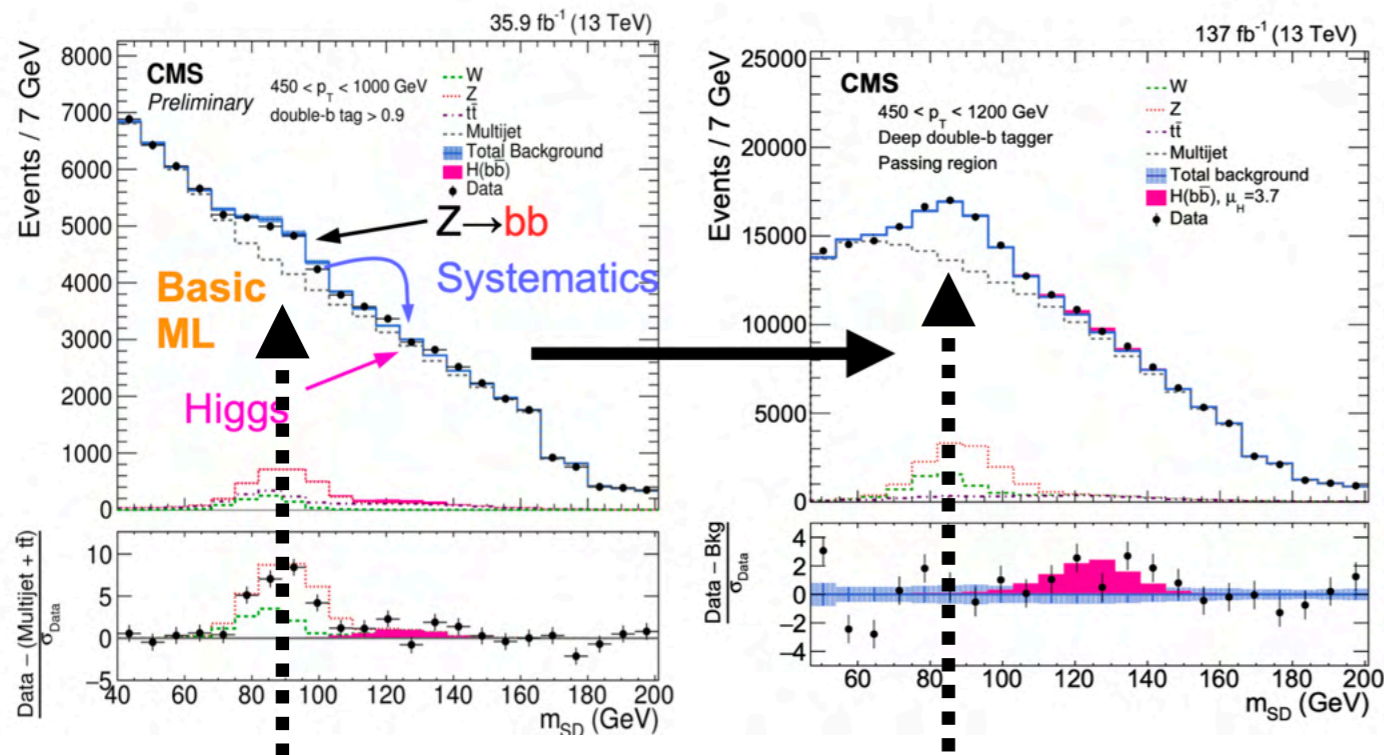


- LIGO has  $10^5$  channels at 1024 Hertz
- Looking for subtle signals hidden in the noise

Real-time Detailed (10k core) analysis every millisecond

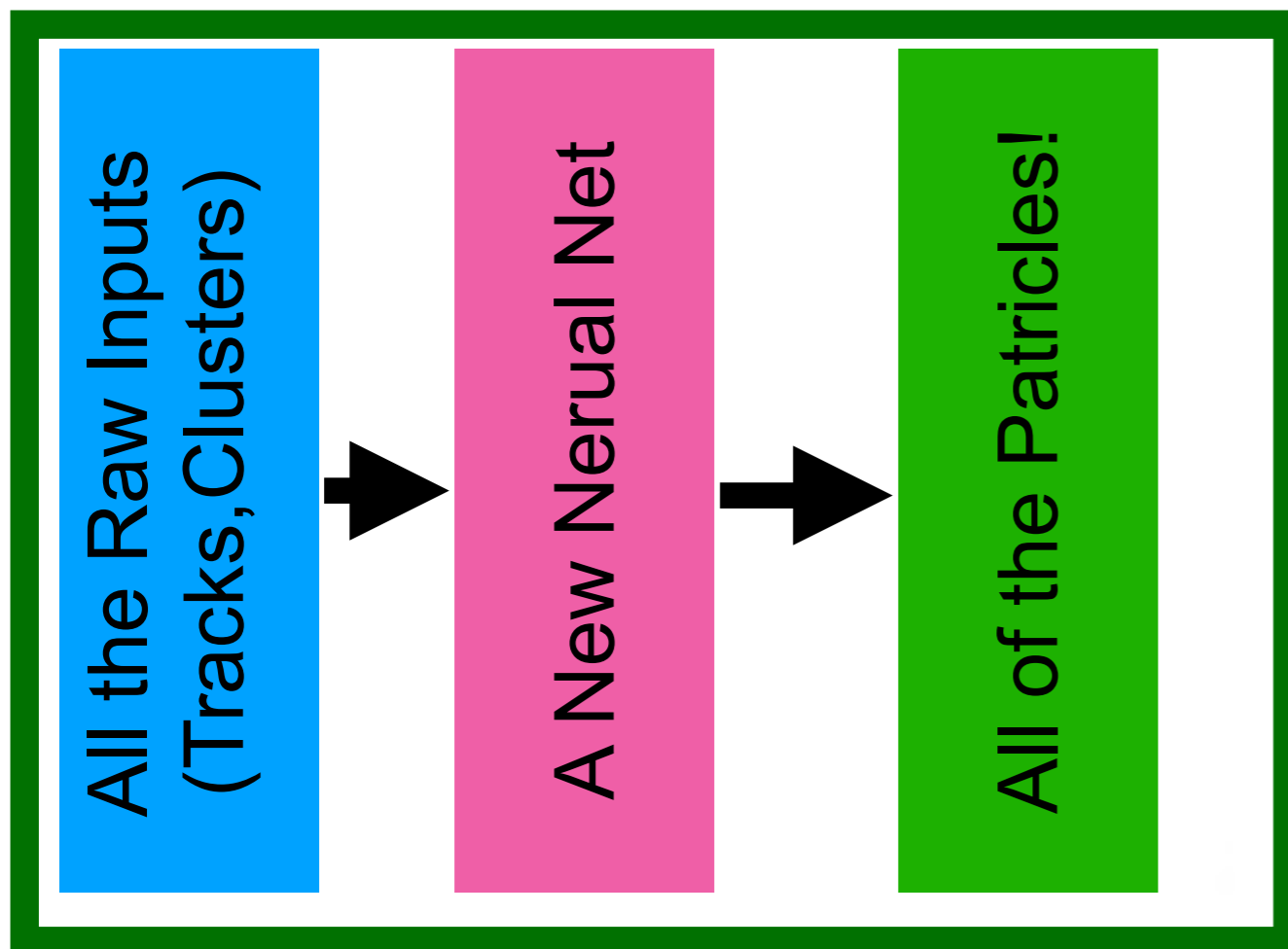
# An Angle on AI revolution

- Things are starting to change in the way we compute
  - ML algorithms have the ability to go beyond algorithms
    - ▶ This is also b/c GPUs have helped to parallelize computation

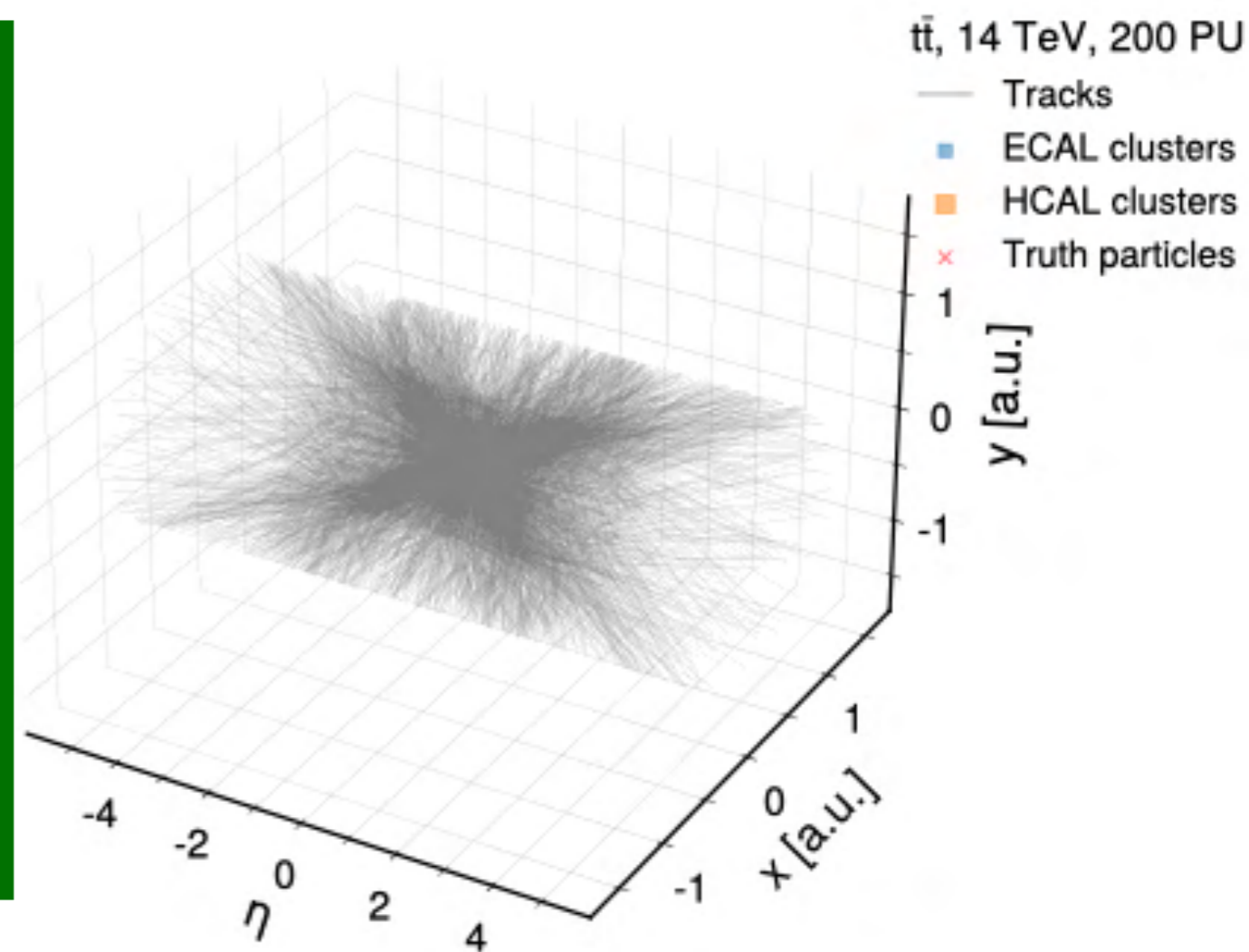


# What does this mean?

- Inevitable that our algorithms will become progressively larger

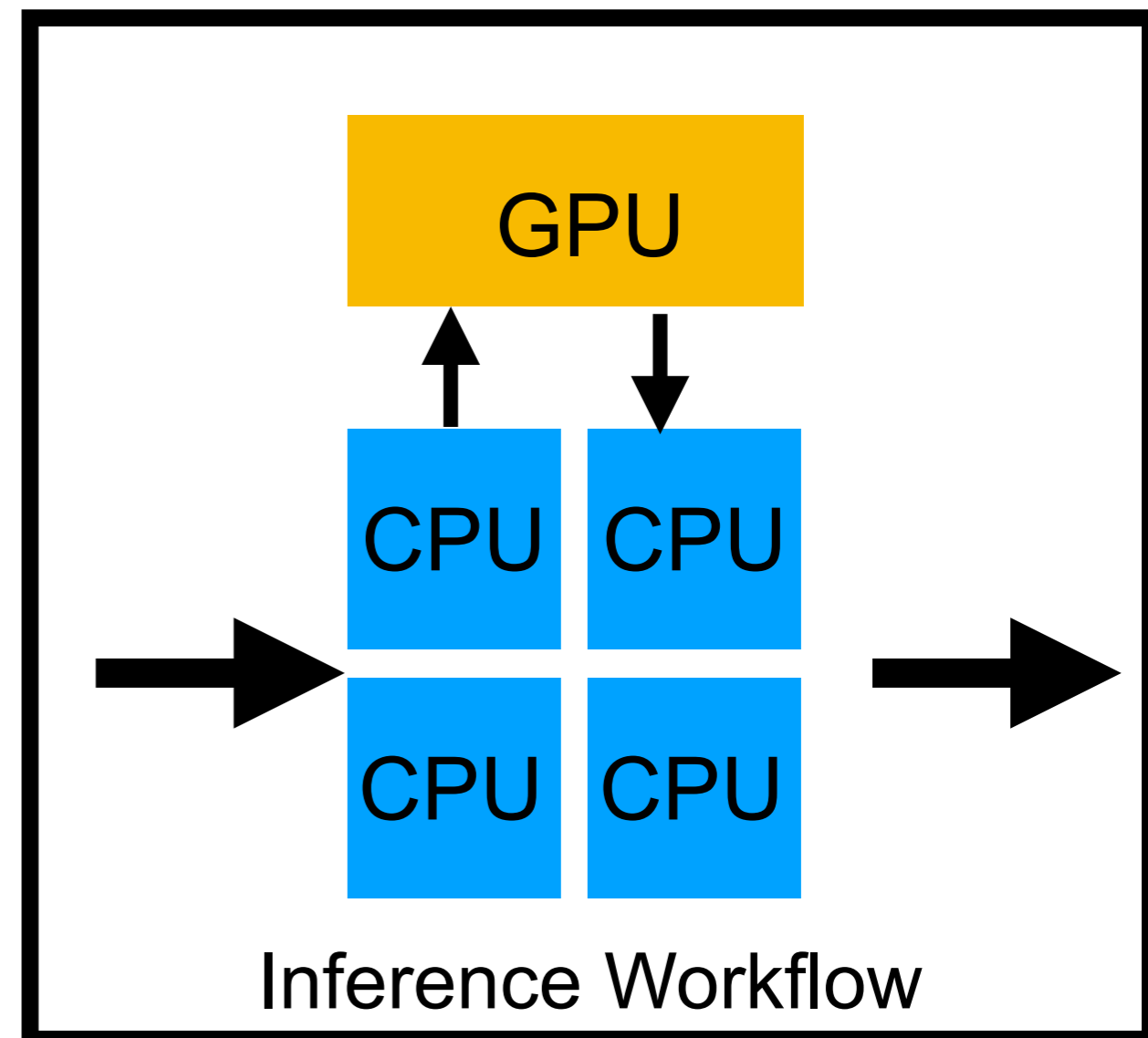
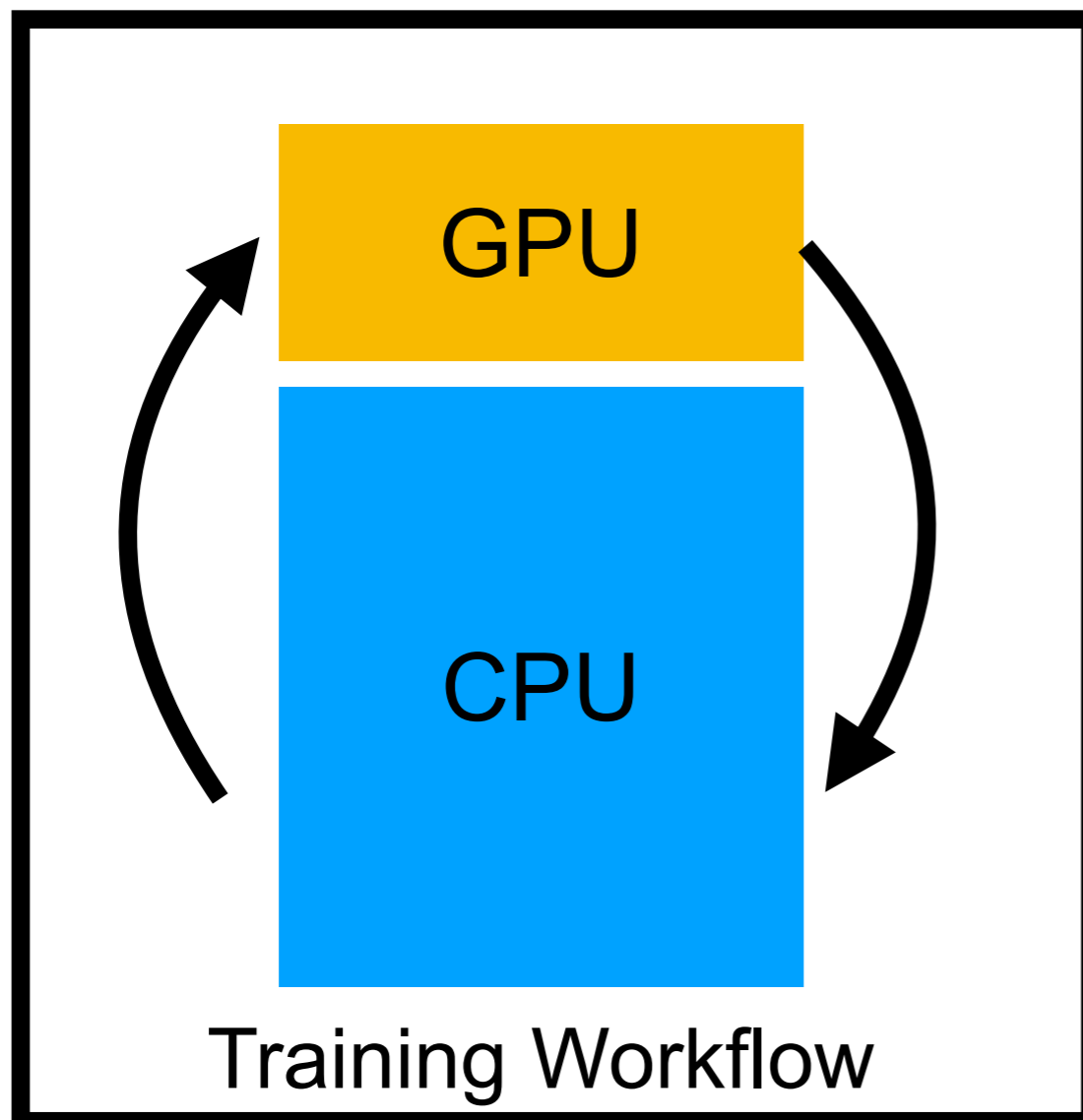


All particles in on fell swoop



# Algorithm Needs

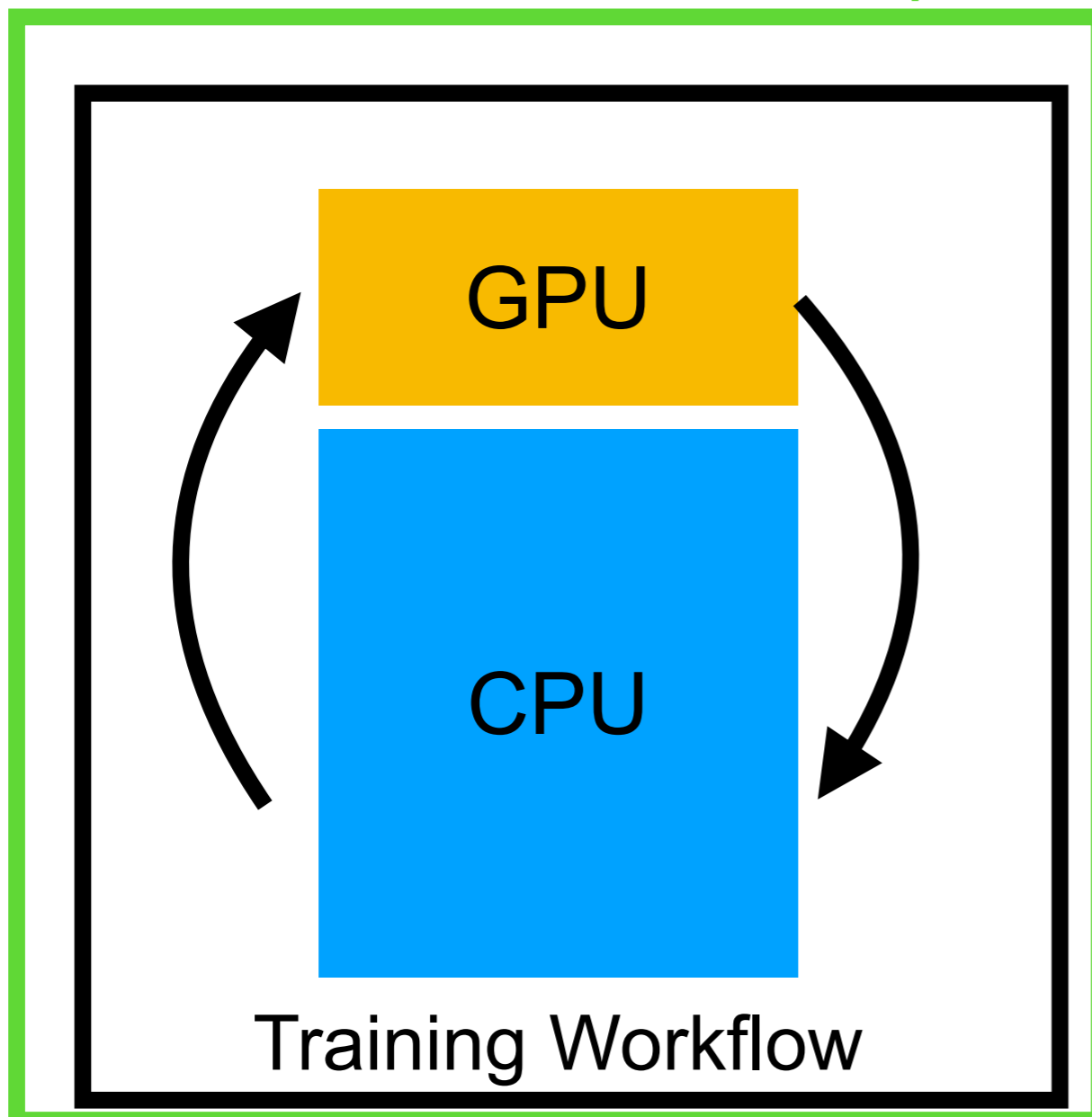
- With the development of AI algorithms we need two things
  - Training and Testing
  - Processing power to run on the data



# Algorithm Needs

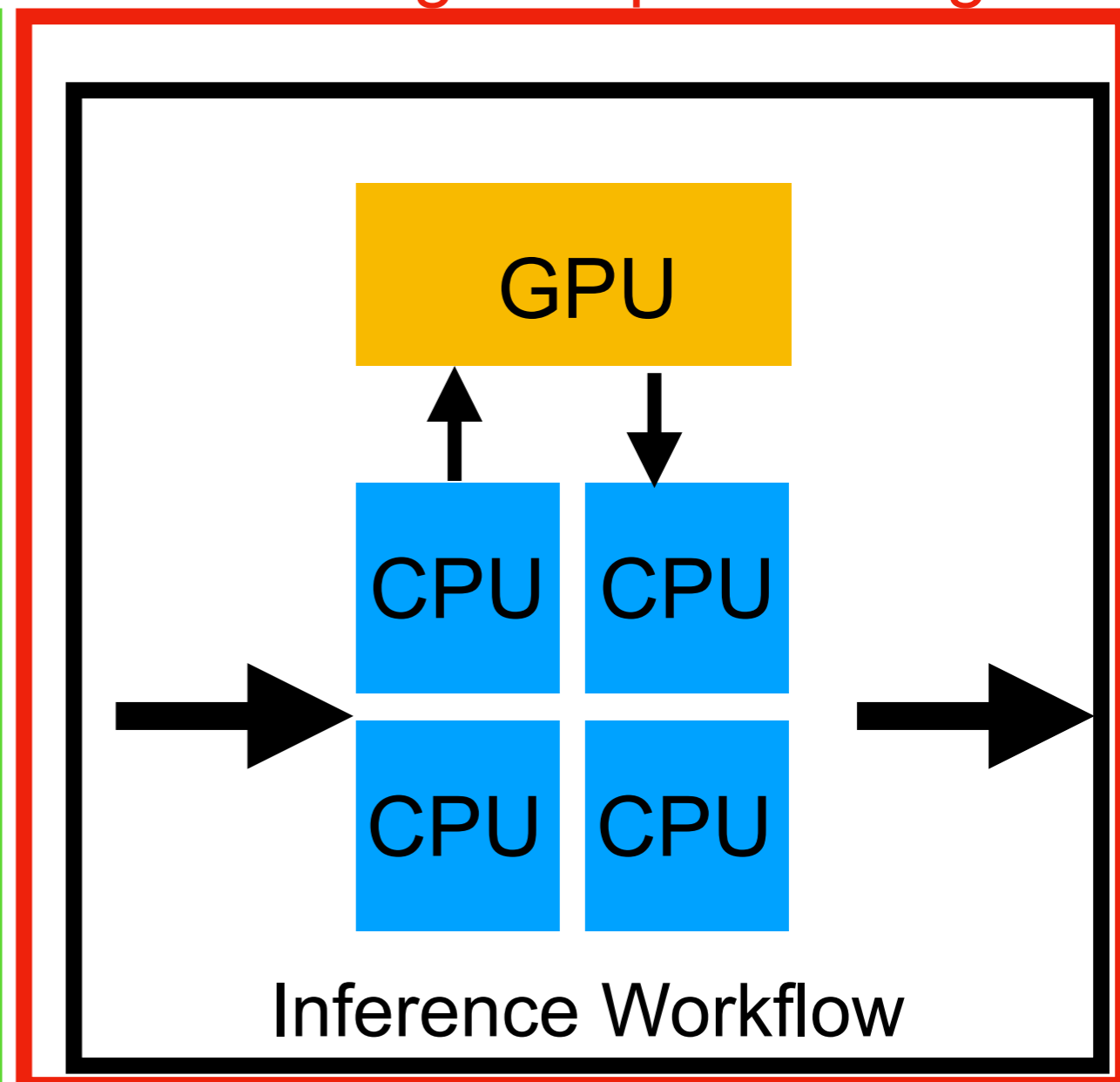
Solved

Big HPCs dump as many GPUs as they possibly can in a room  
Aim for the maximum compute



What we need

Requires Dynamic allocation to balance GPUs and CPUs focus is on dealing with processing



# Algorithm Needs

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Training Workflow

What we need

Requires Dynamic allocation to balance GPUs and CPUs focus is on dealing with processing

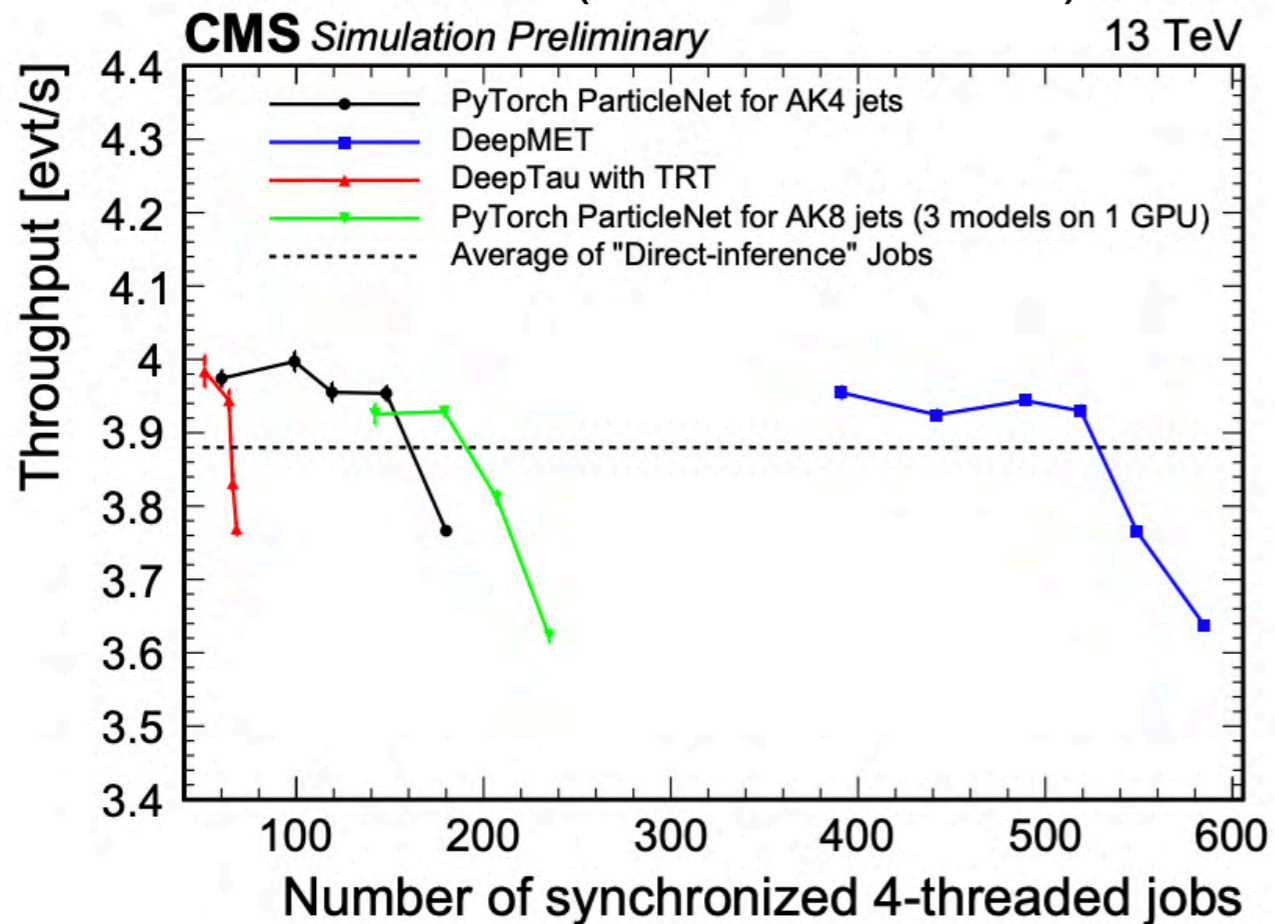


Inference Workflow



# Real World Examples

Public Slides (Publication soon)

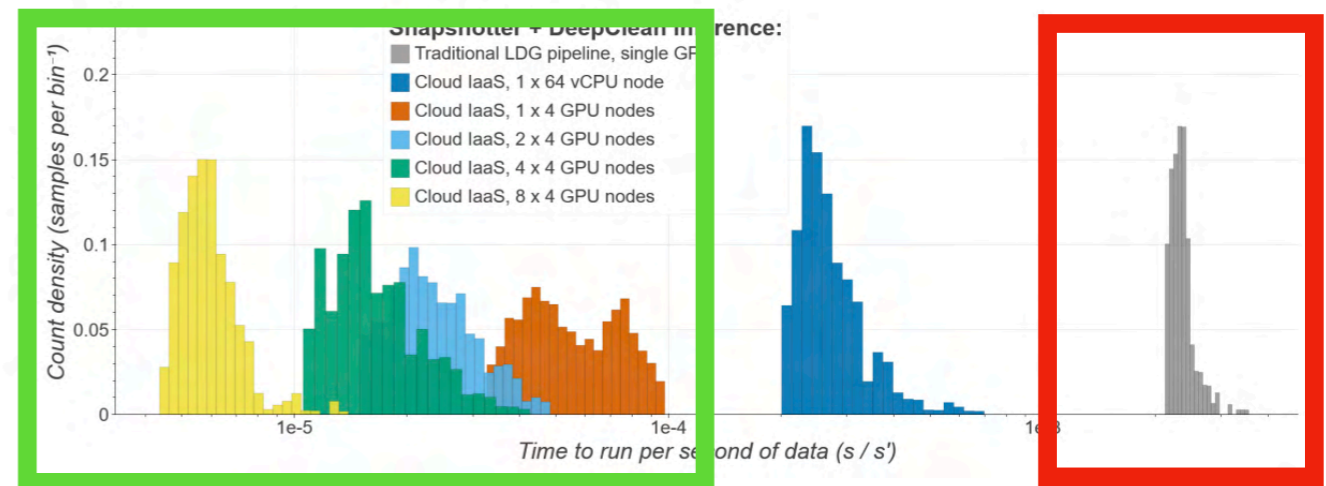


**LHC**

Saturation for a single GPU  
W/ Many CPUs

Nature Astronomy 6 529-536

Updated Workflow



Current  
HPCs

Time to run per second of data

**LIGO**

Speed with Inference-as-a service

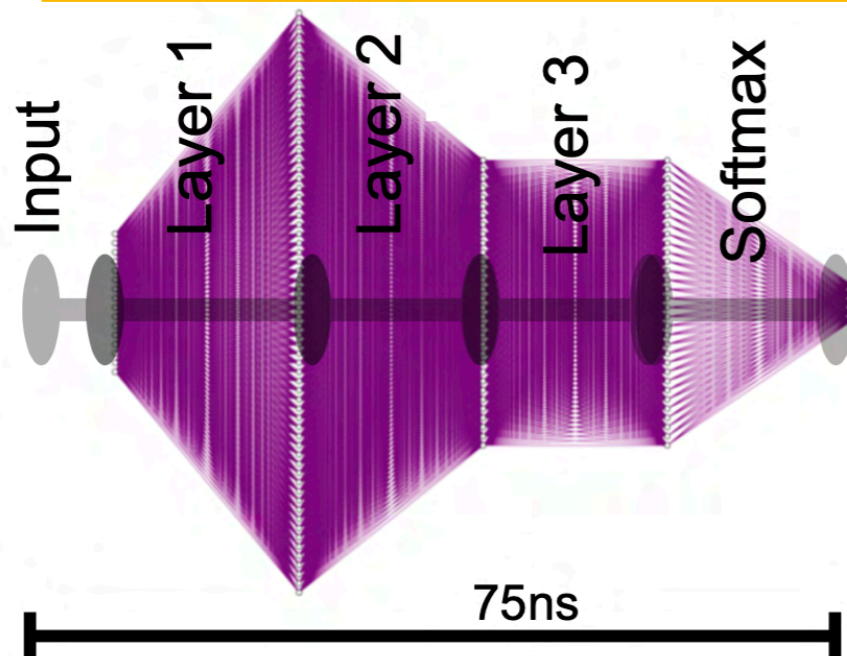
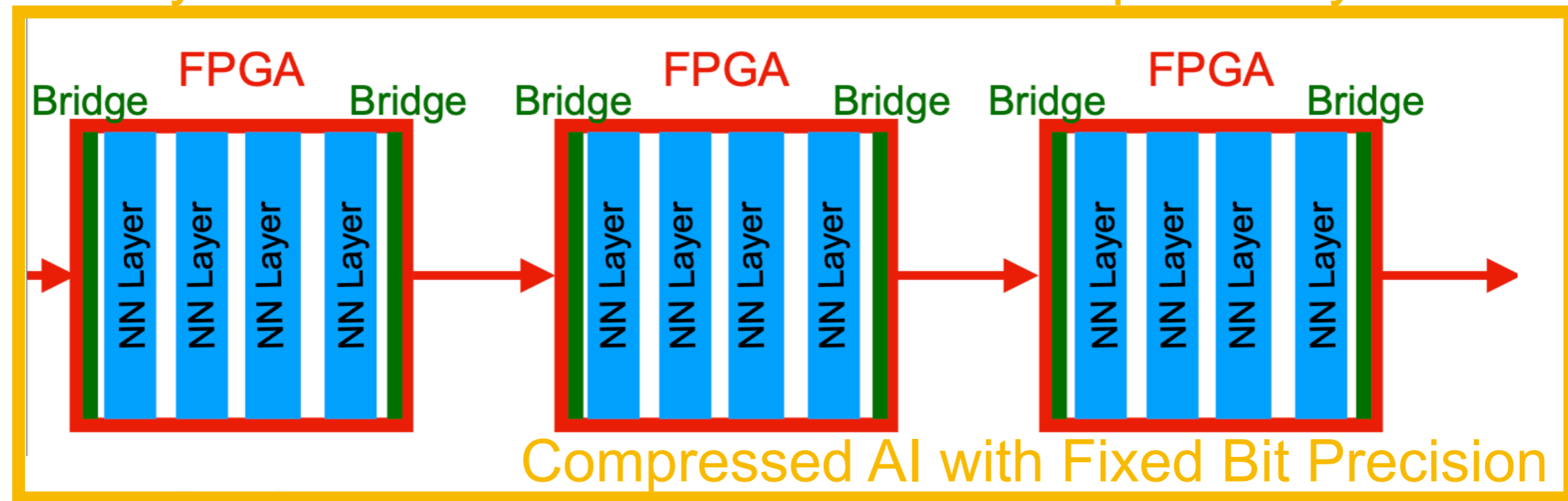
- Here is a glimpse of studies we have done to show this
- Run large scale studies demonstrating heightened throughput

# Custom Computing

Ultra low latency Requires a fully custom solution

To achieve ultra high throughput at  $> 1$  Pb/s we use FPGAs

This system doesn't look like an HPC/computer anymore



**Applications:**

**LHC/Plasma Controls/Brain Controls/...**

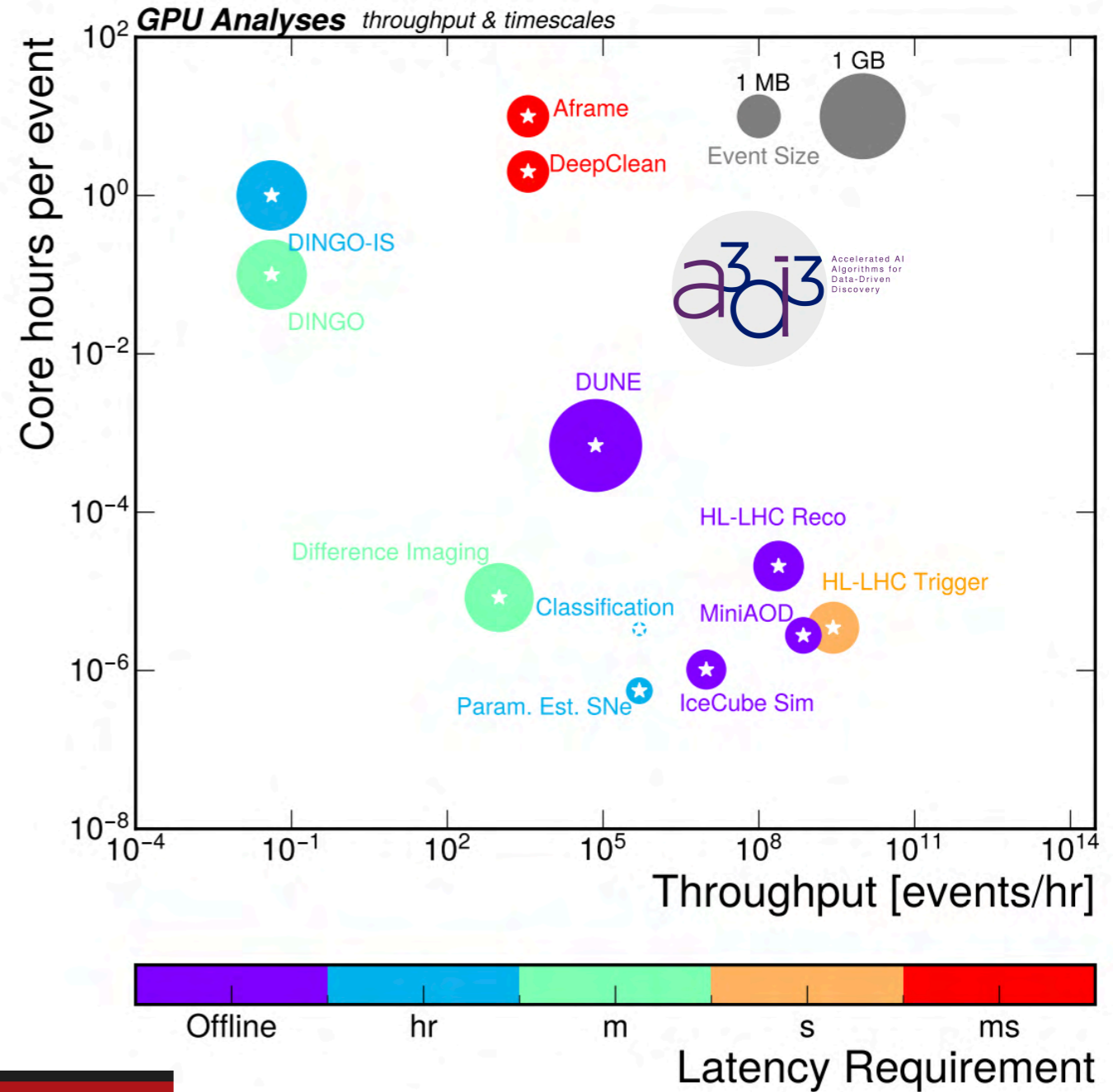
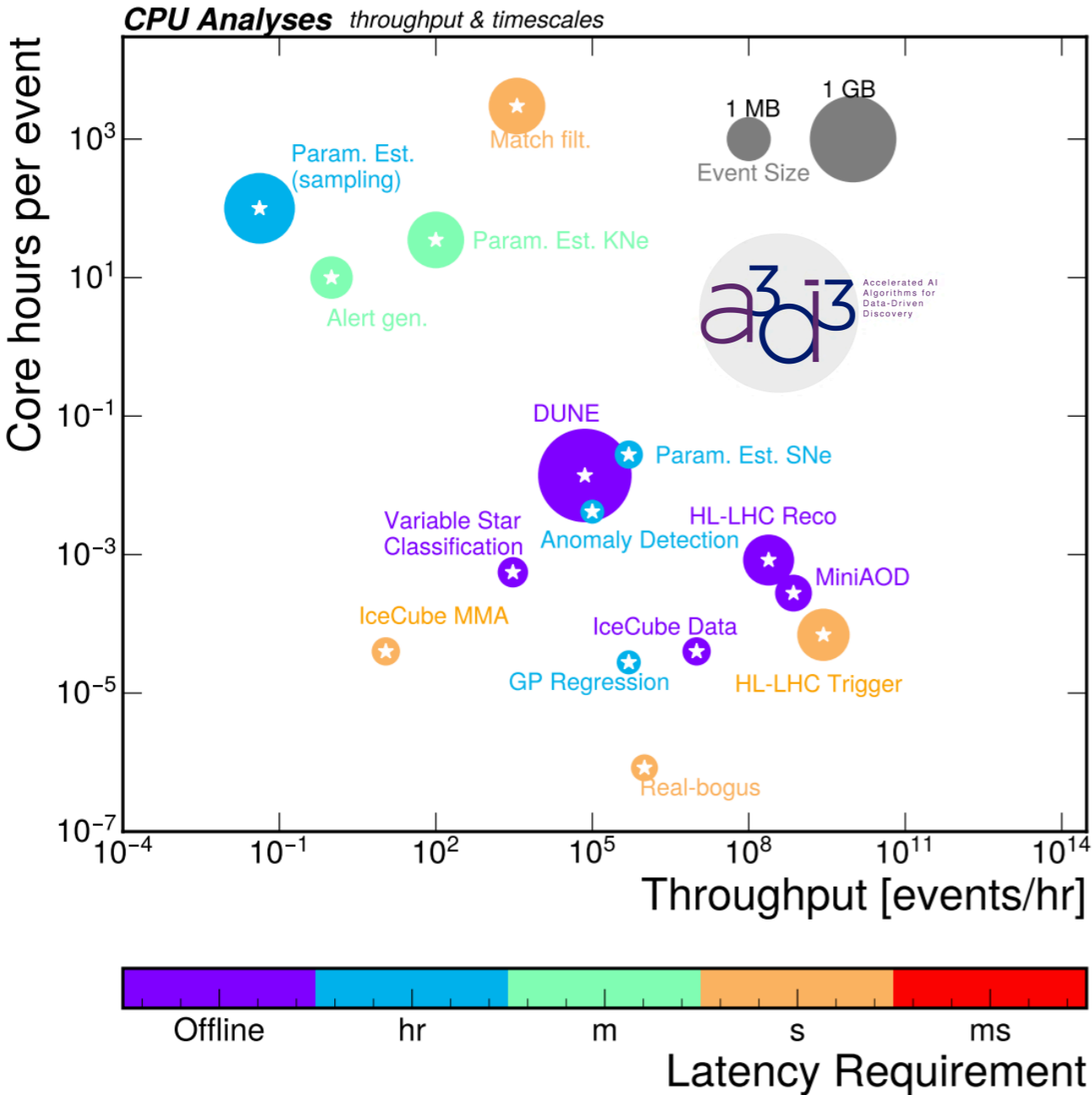


Accelerated AI  
Algorithms for  
Data-Driven  
Discovery

# What is Critical?

- We would like to highlight commonalities across domains
  - **Computing demands**
    - ▶ Critically connected infrastructure for ML science deployment
    - ▶ Inference differs from training → **Efficiency is Key**
  - **Software Stack**
    - ▶ With all ML algorithms aim for a set of core software tools
    - ▶ Containerization: Docker/Singularity/Kubernetes/...
  - **ML Problems**
    - ▶ Awareness of the diversity of problems is critical (Not just LLM)
    - ▶ **Highlighting the similarity across scientific domains is critical**

# Computing Demands



arXiv > hep-ex > arXiv:2306.08106

High Energy Physics – Experiment

[Submitted on 13 Jun 2023]

Applications of Deep Learning to physics workflows

Arxiv: 2306.08106

Have a whitepaper outlining Inference Workflows Demands

# A Vision

- Can we align science across ML Challenges?
  - Details [here](#) following C. Herwig, N. Tran (Fermilab)

		Scientific Moonshots		
		Domain A	...	Domain N
AI thrusts	AI - 1: Real-time	Benchmark 1A		Benchmark 1N
	AI - 2: Control			
	AI - 3: Autonomous			
	AI - 4: Foundation			
	AI - 5: Generative	Benchmark 5A		Benchmark 5N

# ML Challenges

- Aiming to build a website hosting Scientific ML Challenges

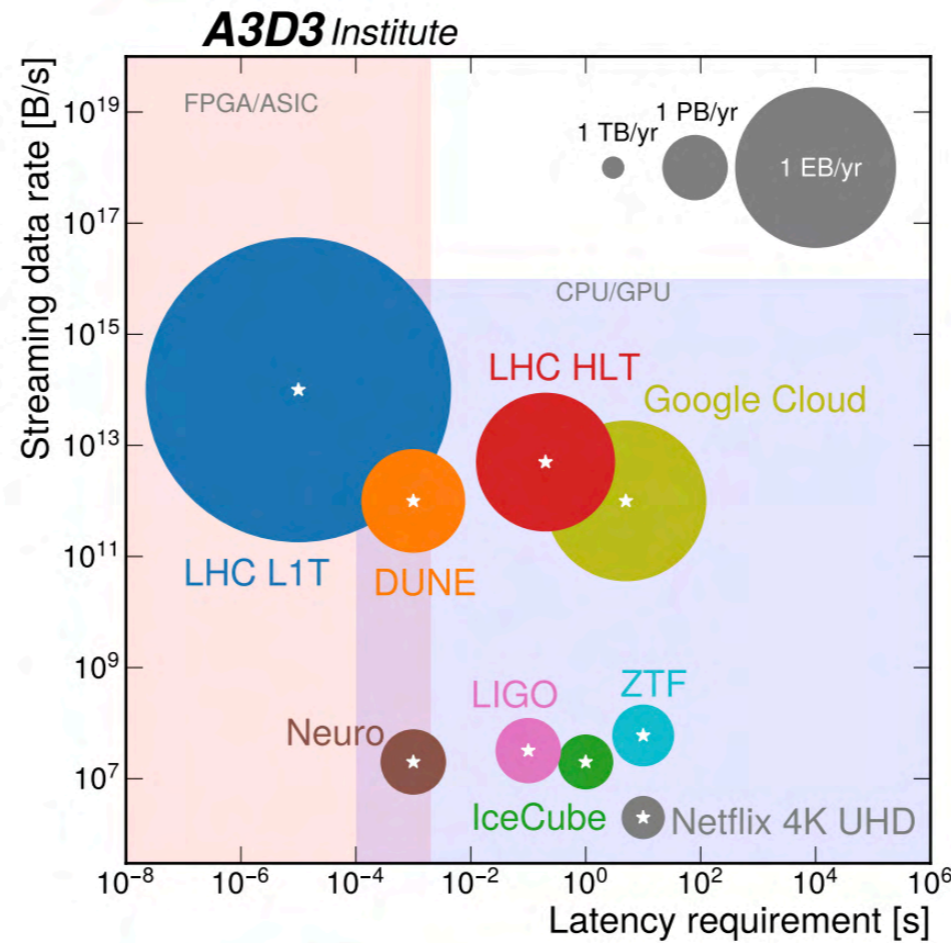
## Connecting with ML Commons



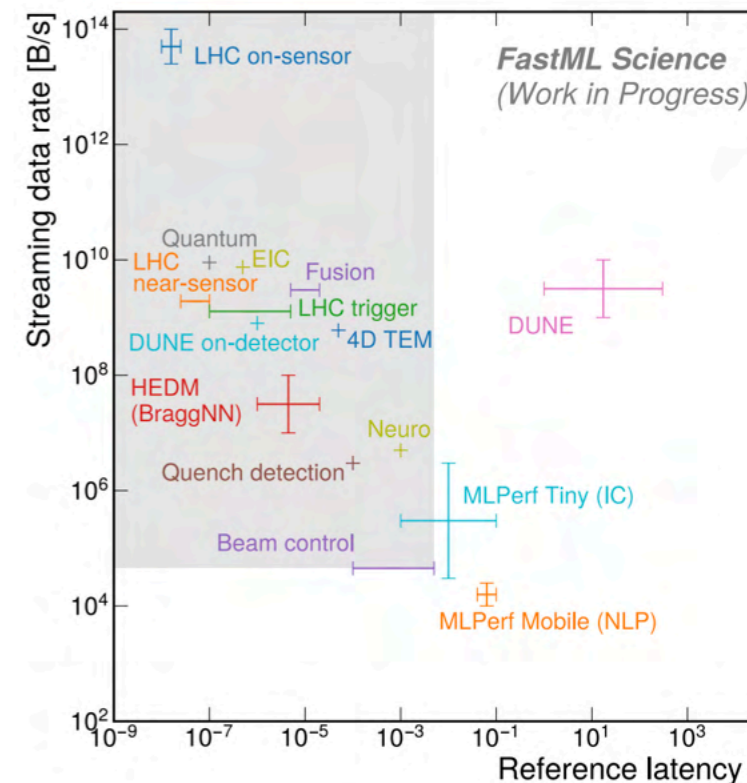
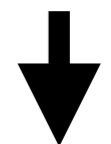
ML Commons

Machine learning innovation to benefit everyone.

MLPerf Tiny Inference  
A benchmark suite for ultra-low-power tinyML systems



## Connecting With Hardware



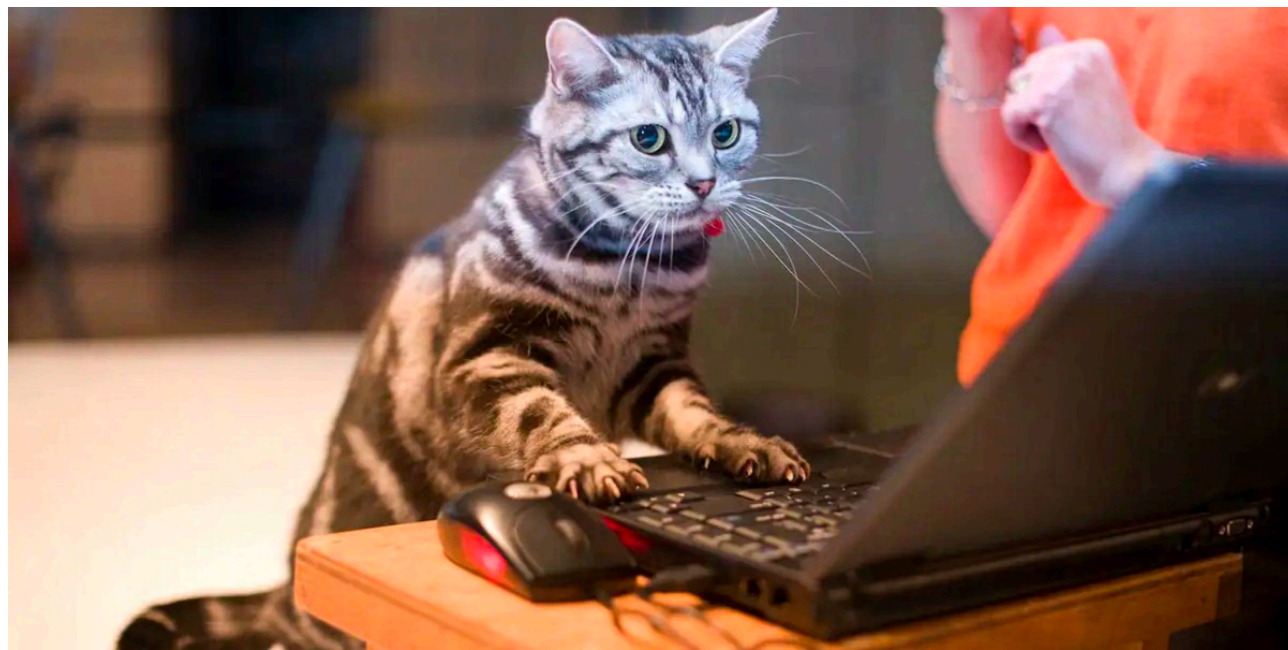
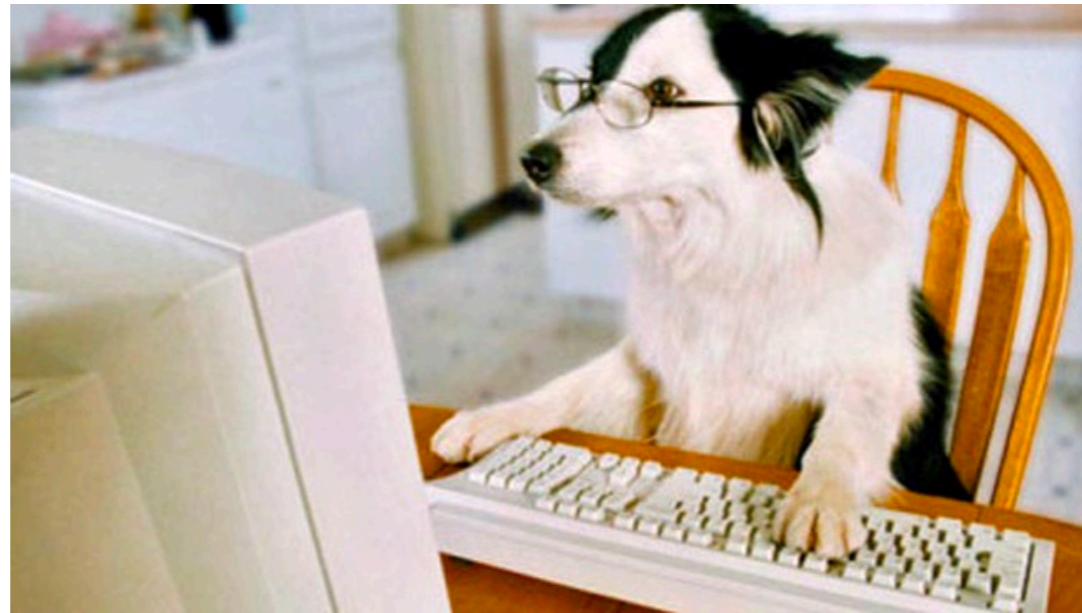
## Would like to highlight Criticality of Scientific Problems

## Support from NSERC FAIRUniverse

# Recap

- There are a variety of large data experiments
  - Latency is often a critical element in the design
- HPCs & other computing sites are not necessarily the best
  - Coming up with a scheme/strategy to do this
- Have done a number of studies to show how this is possible
  - Requires new software stacks
  - Requires different approaches to building out the system
- Expect to have many more challenges coming soon
  - AI is quickly growing throughout the scientific community!



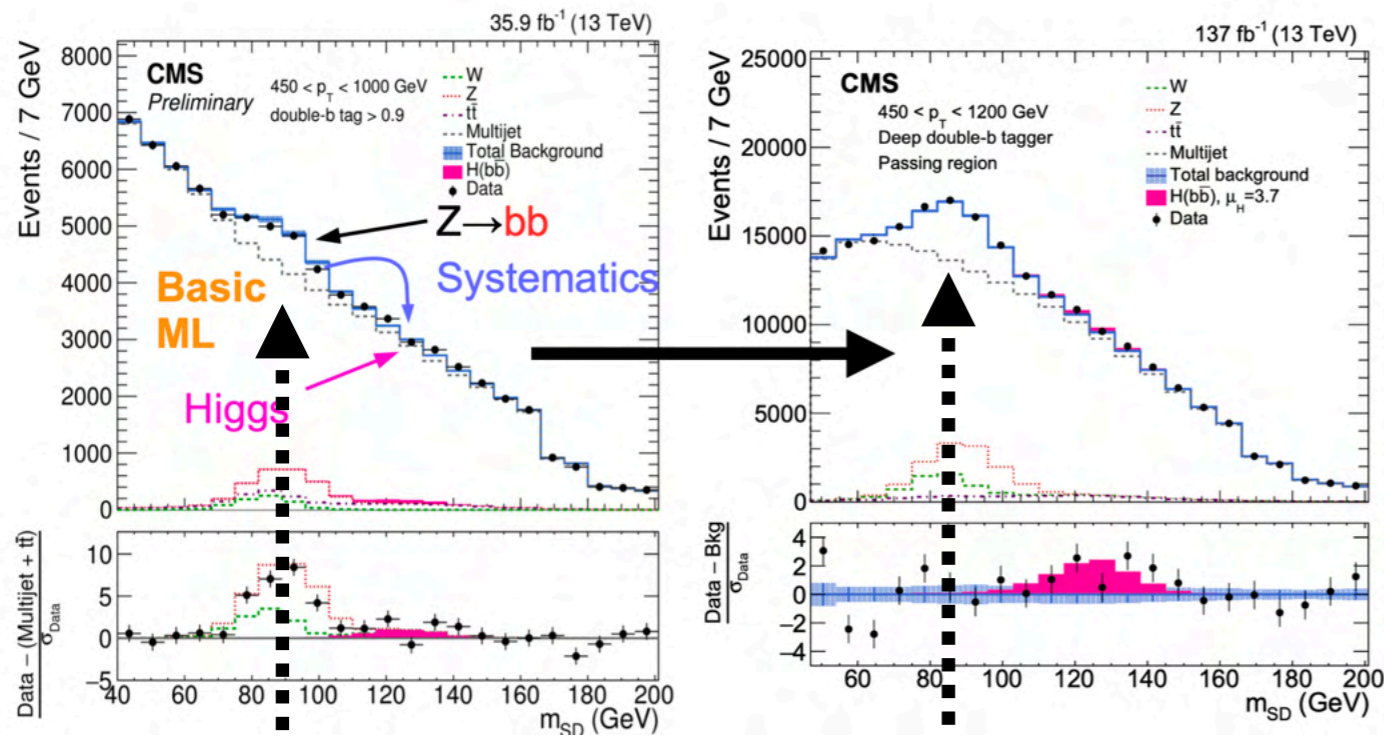


Despite differences in language, there is a common theme

# Thanks

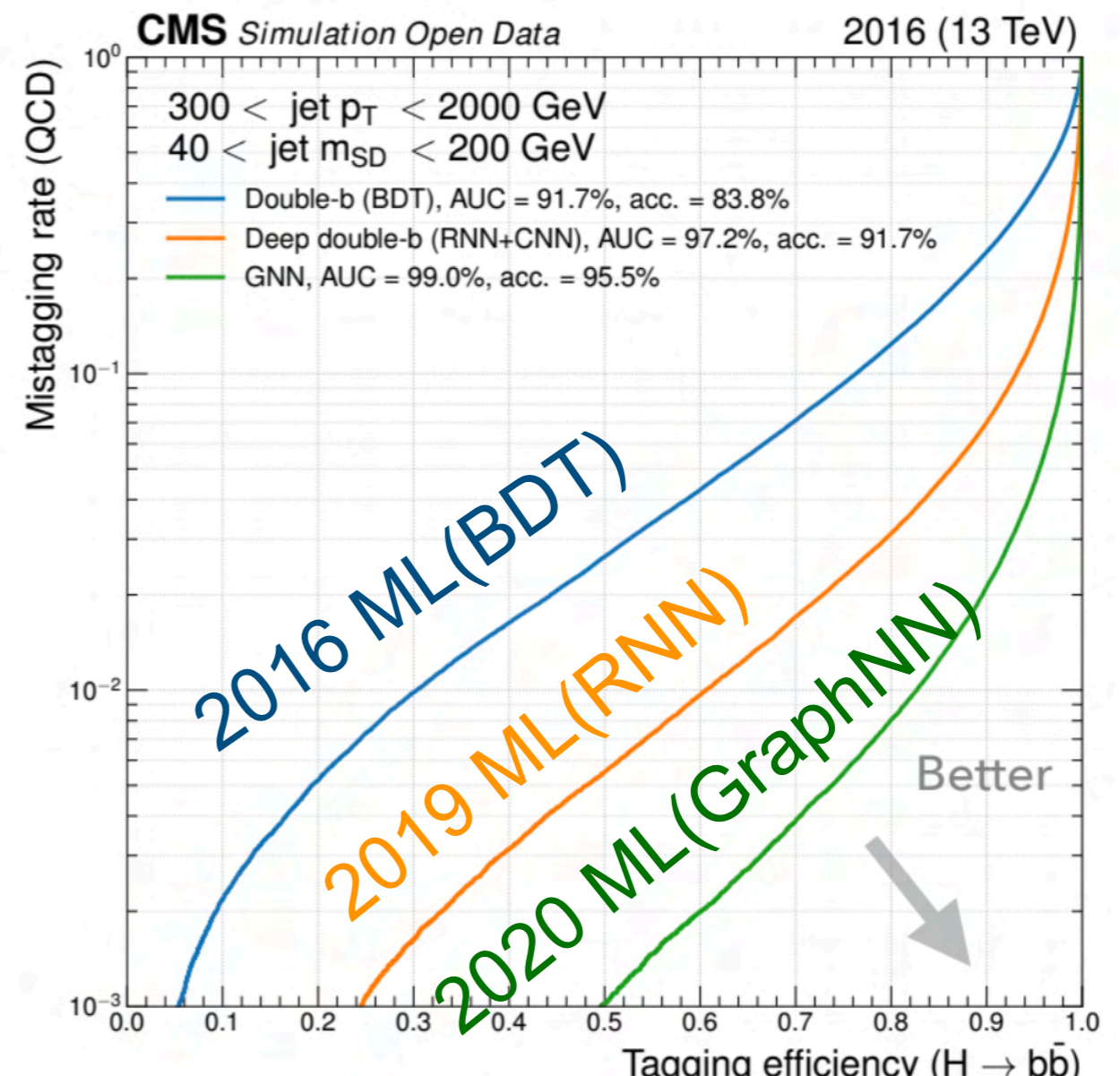
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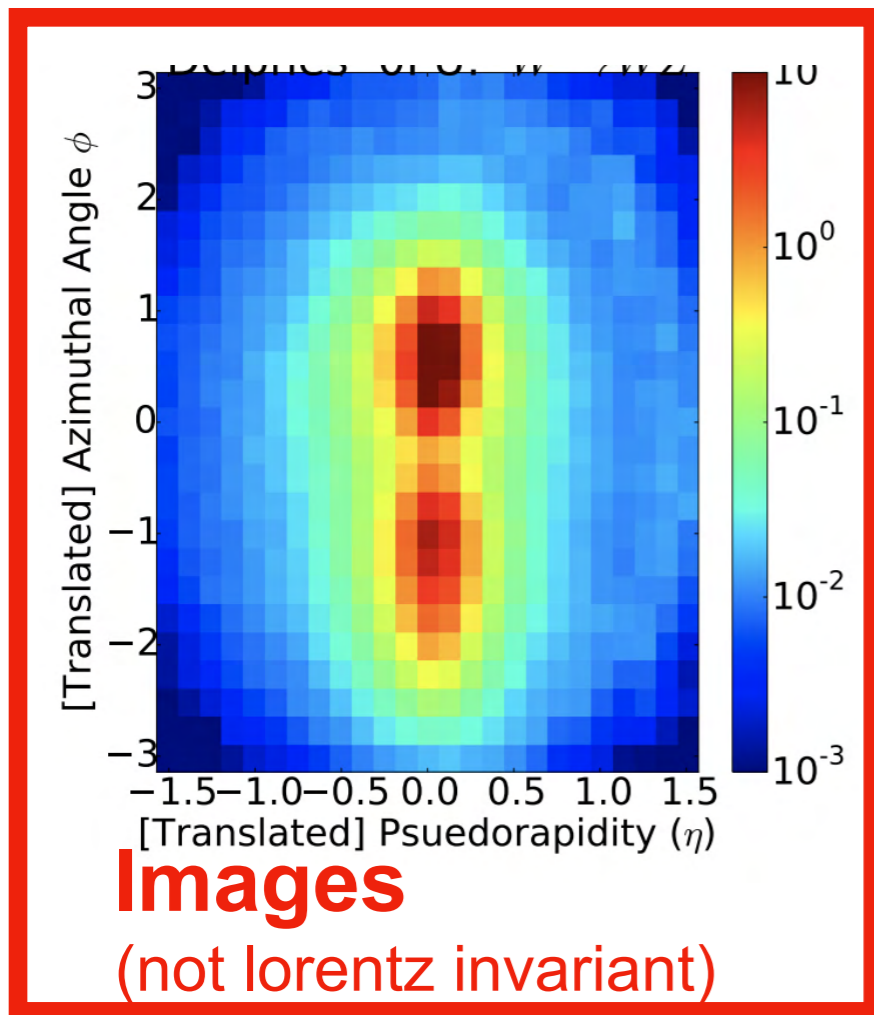
Small ML  
Small Peak

Big ML  
Big Peak

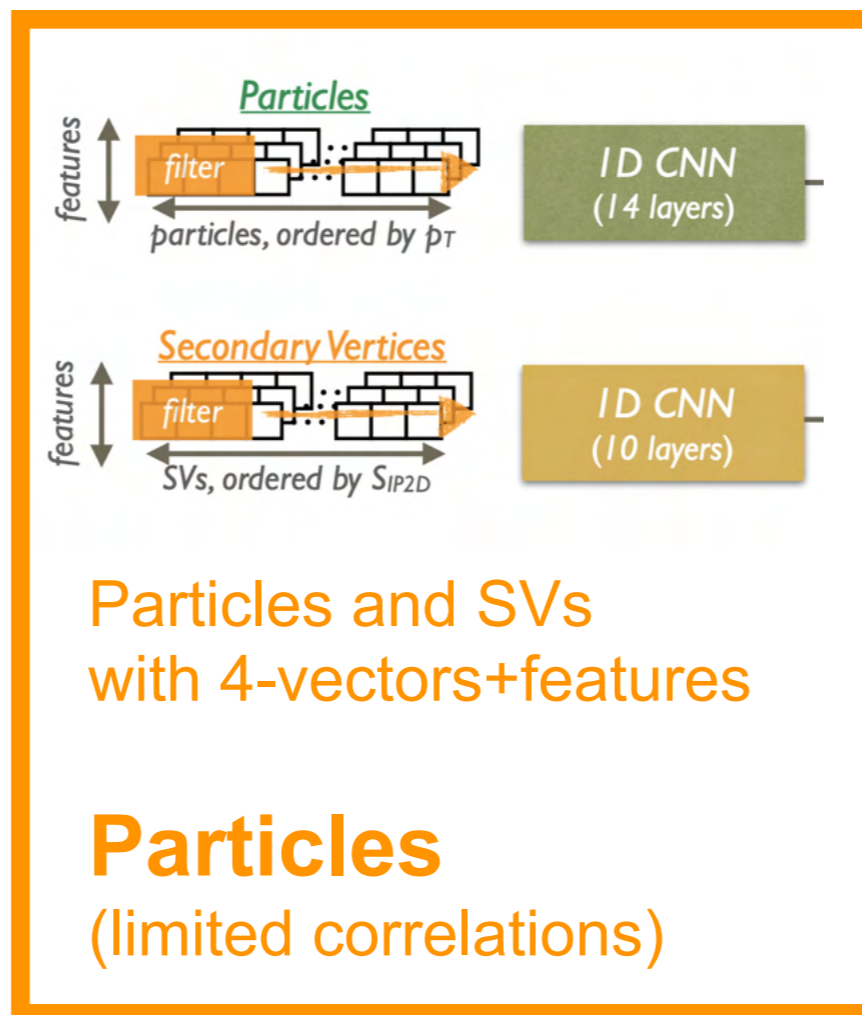


# Deep Learning Progression

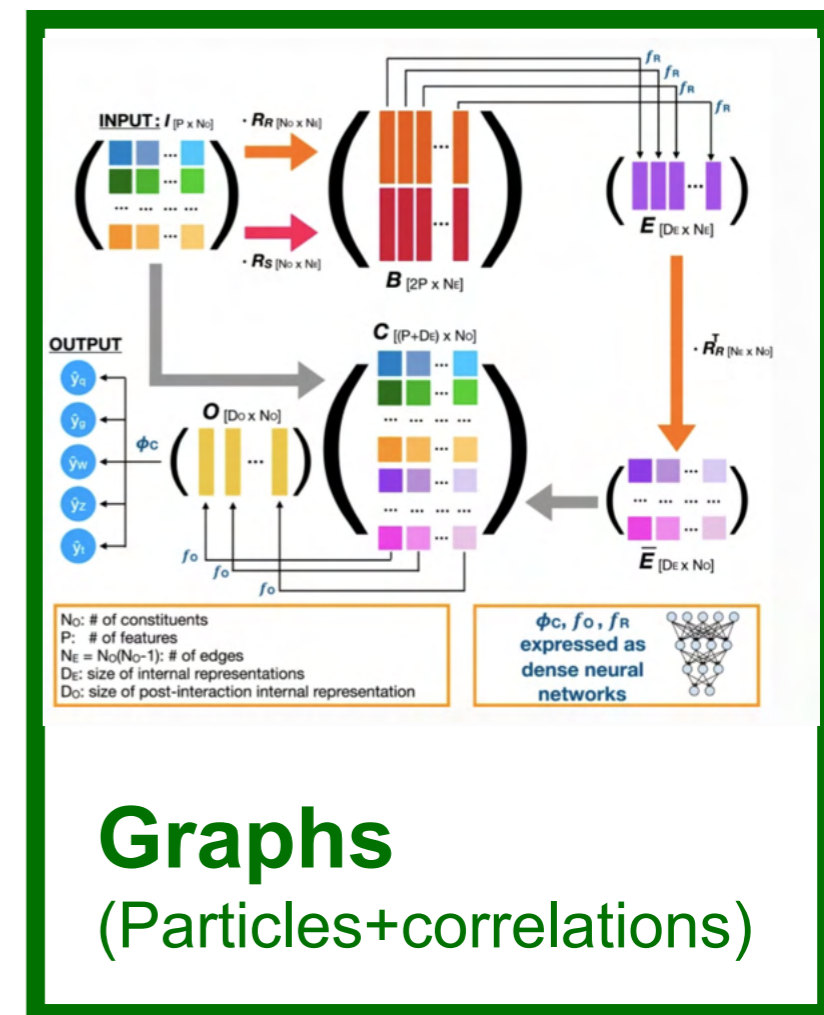
2016



2018



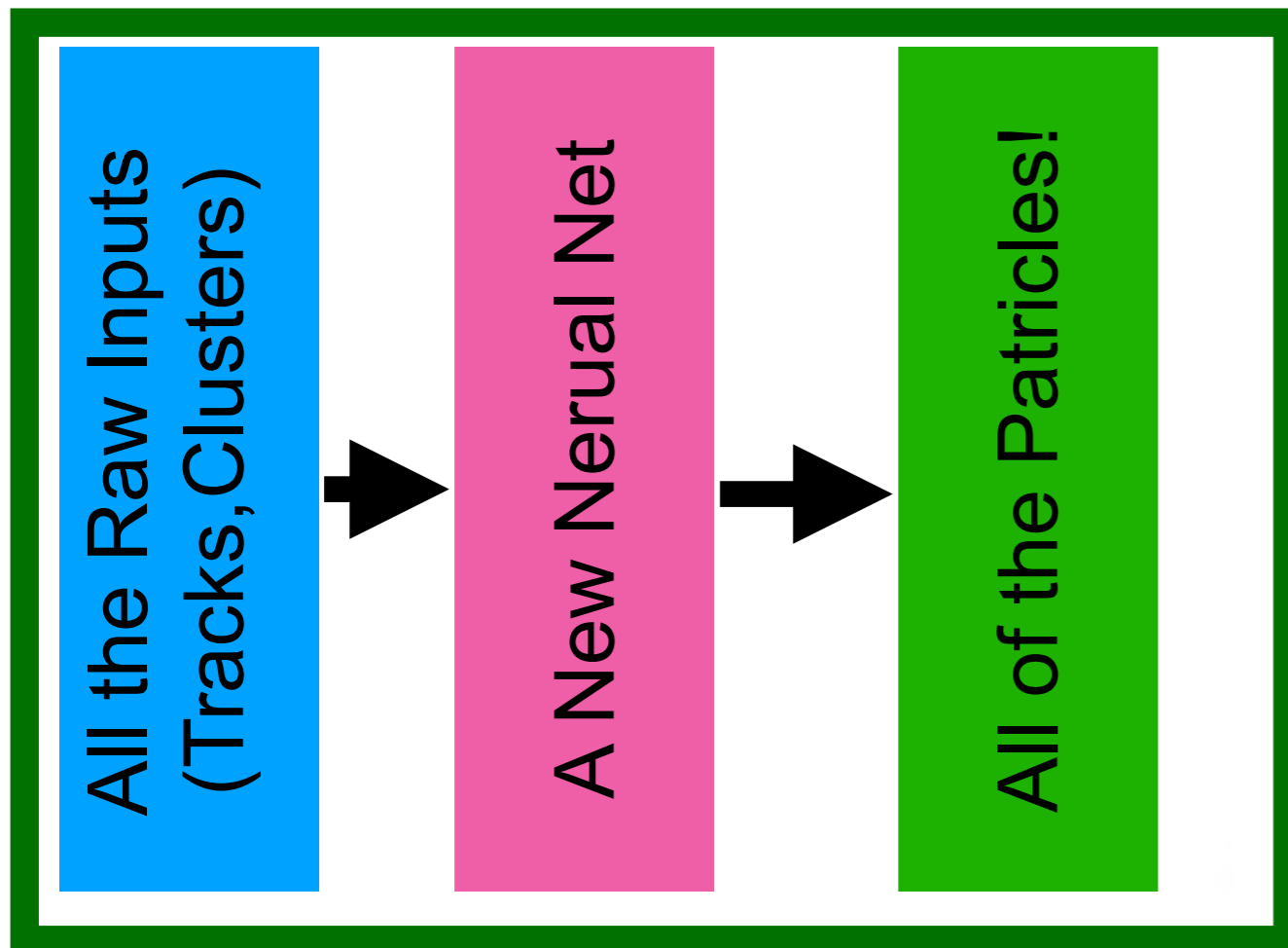
2020



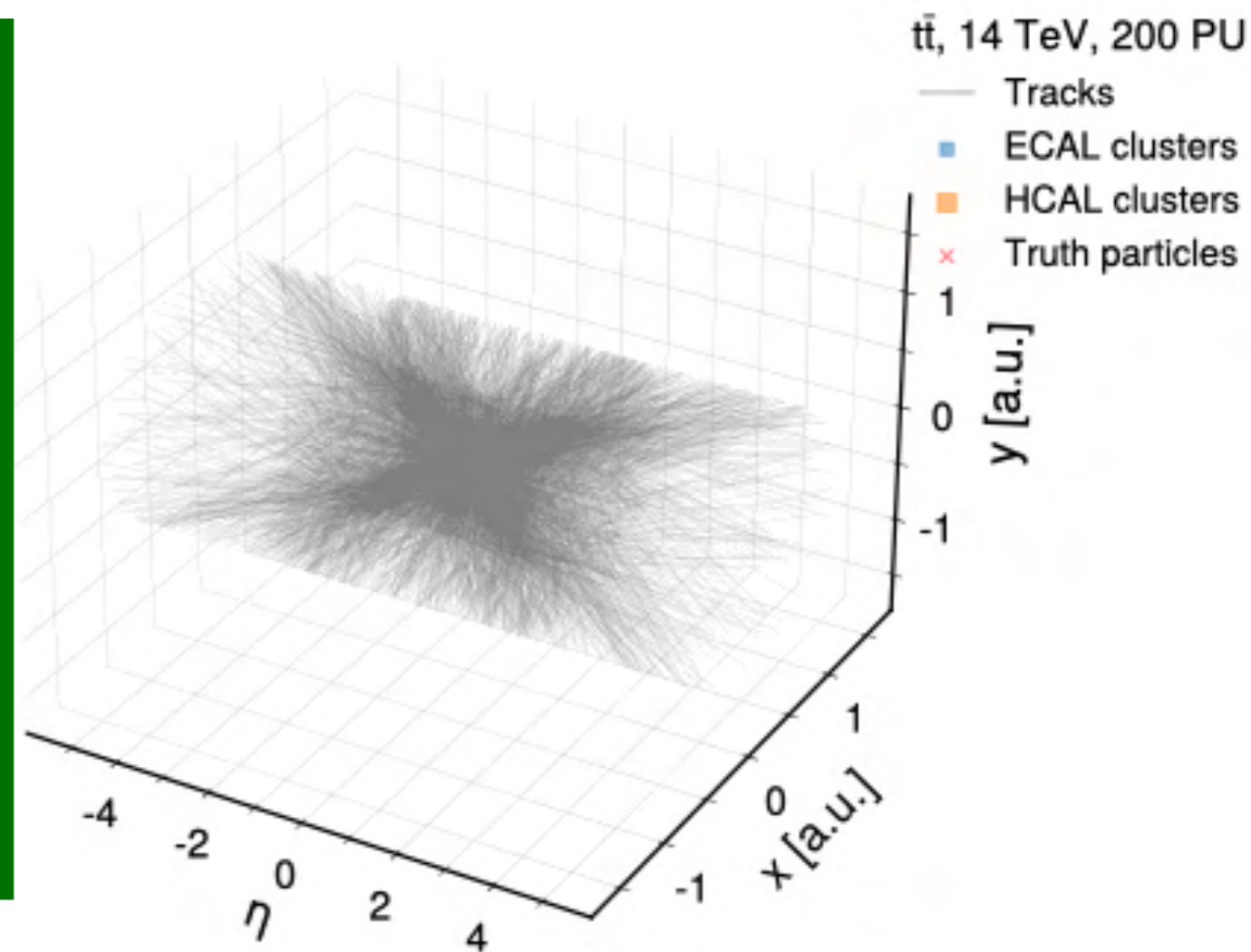
Progressively moving towards use of more info

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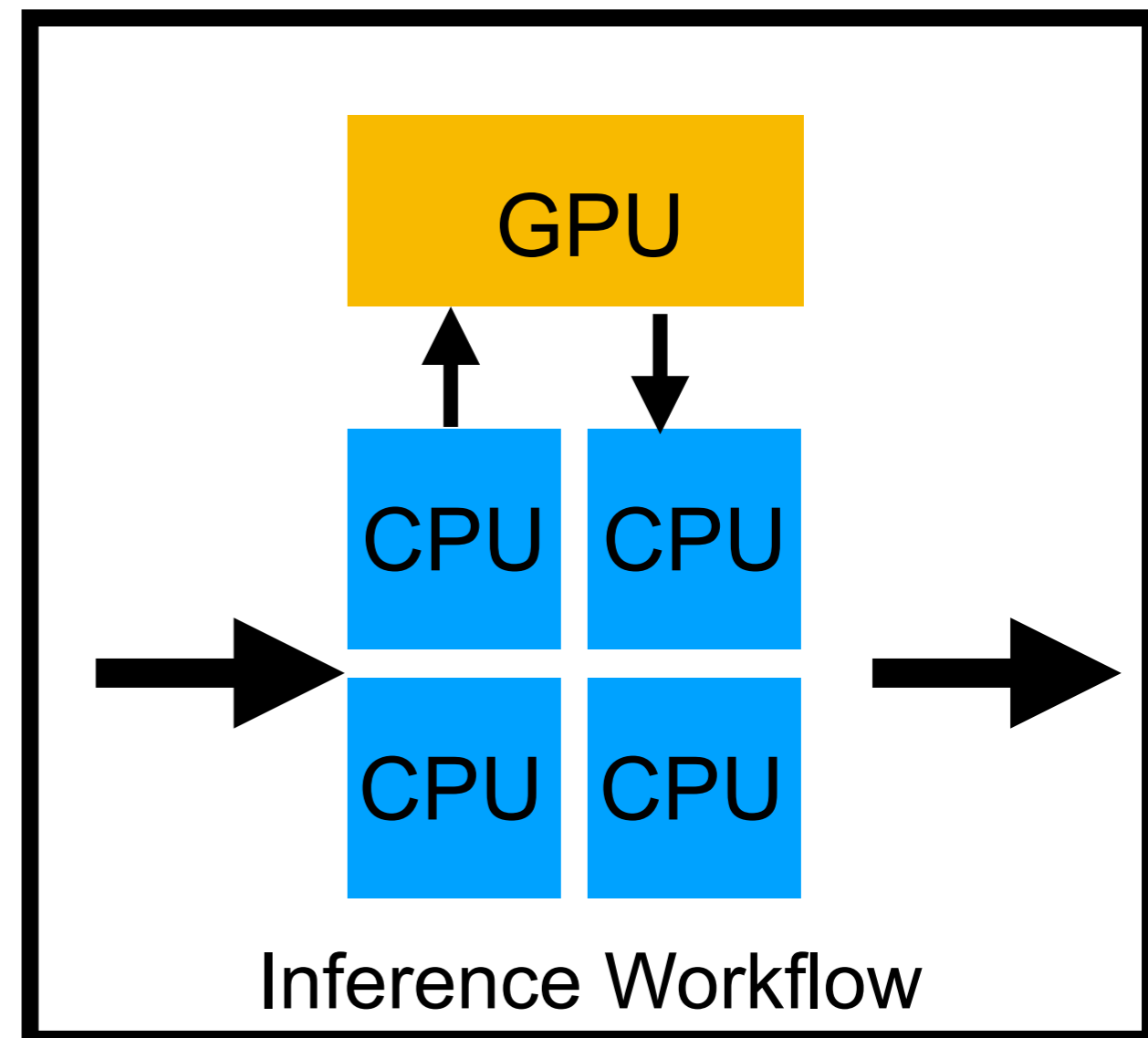
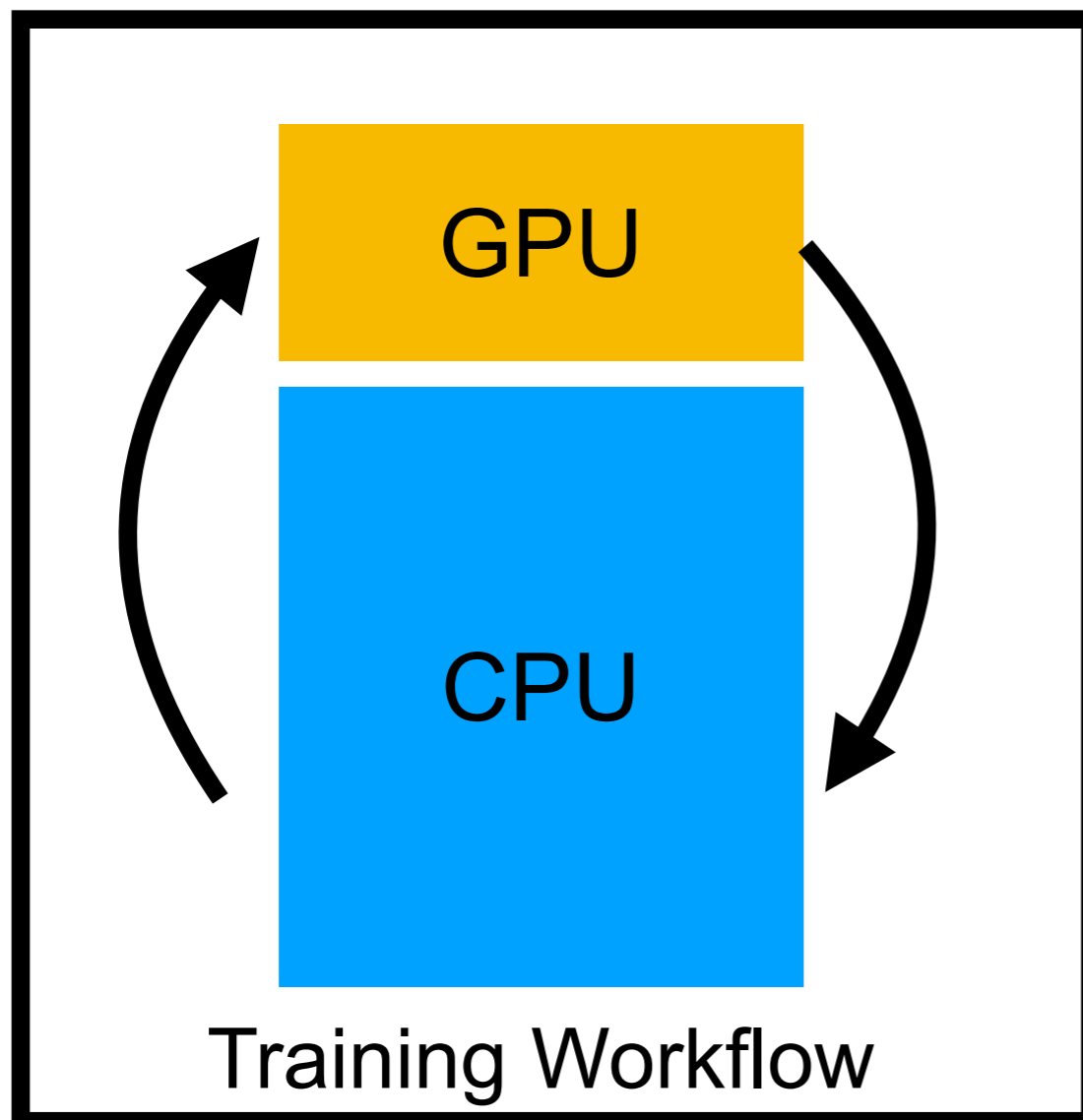


All particles in on fell swoop



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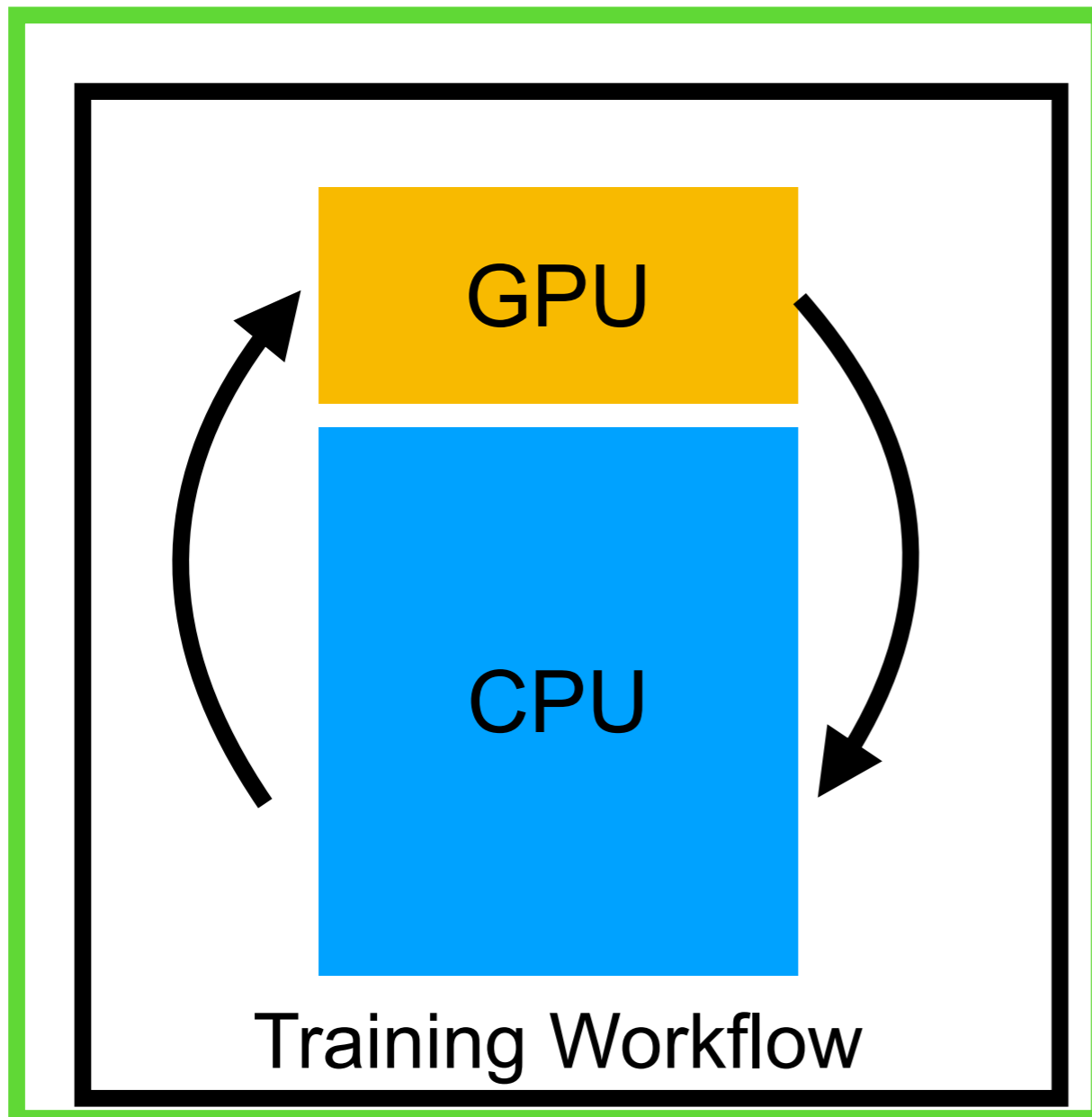
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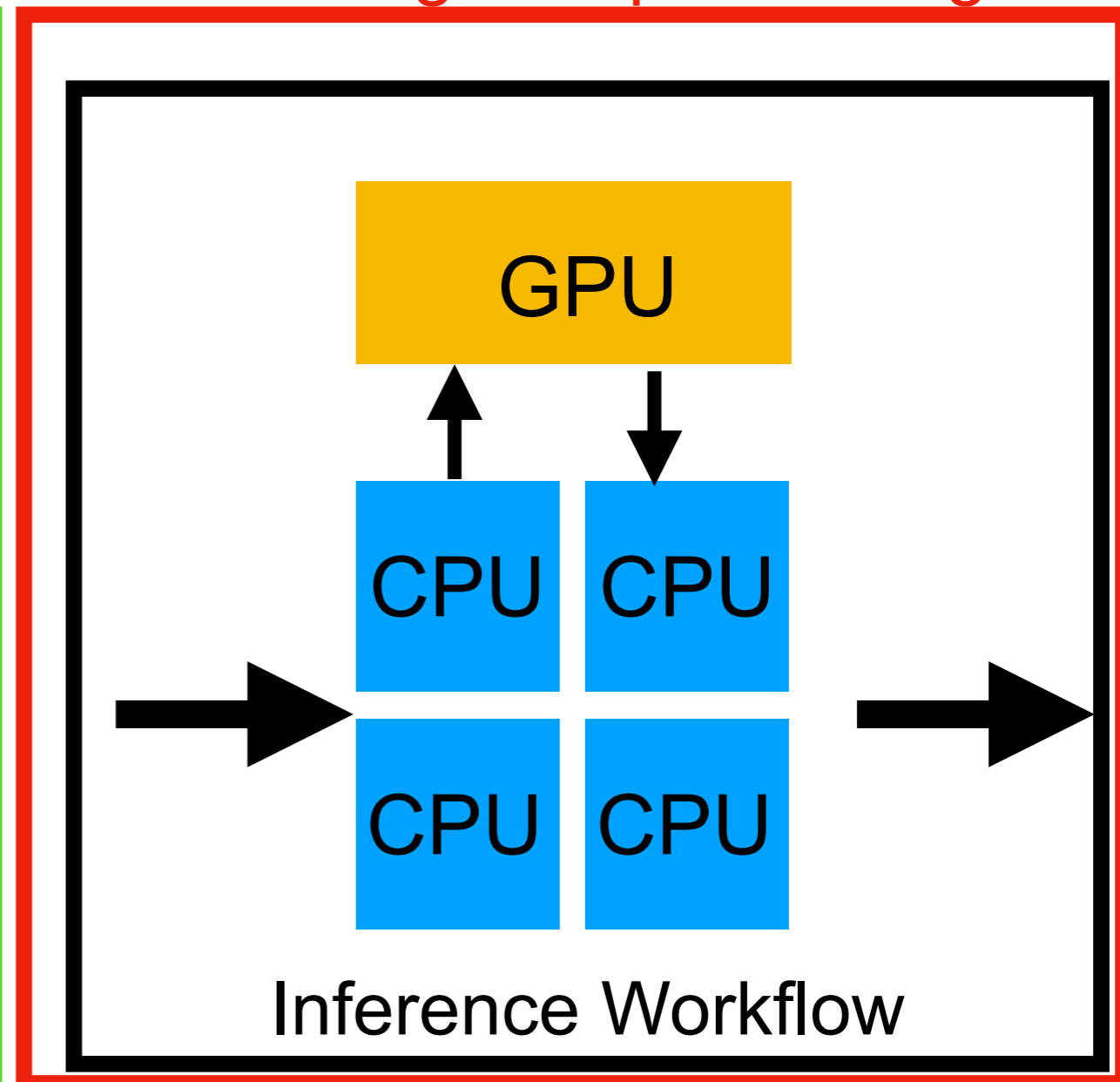
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Training Workflow

What we need

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Inference Workflow

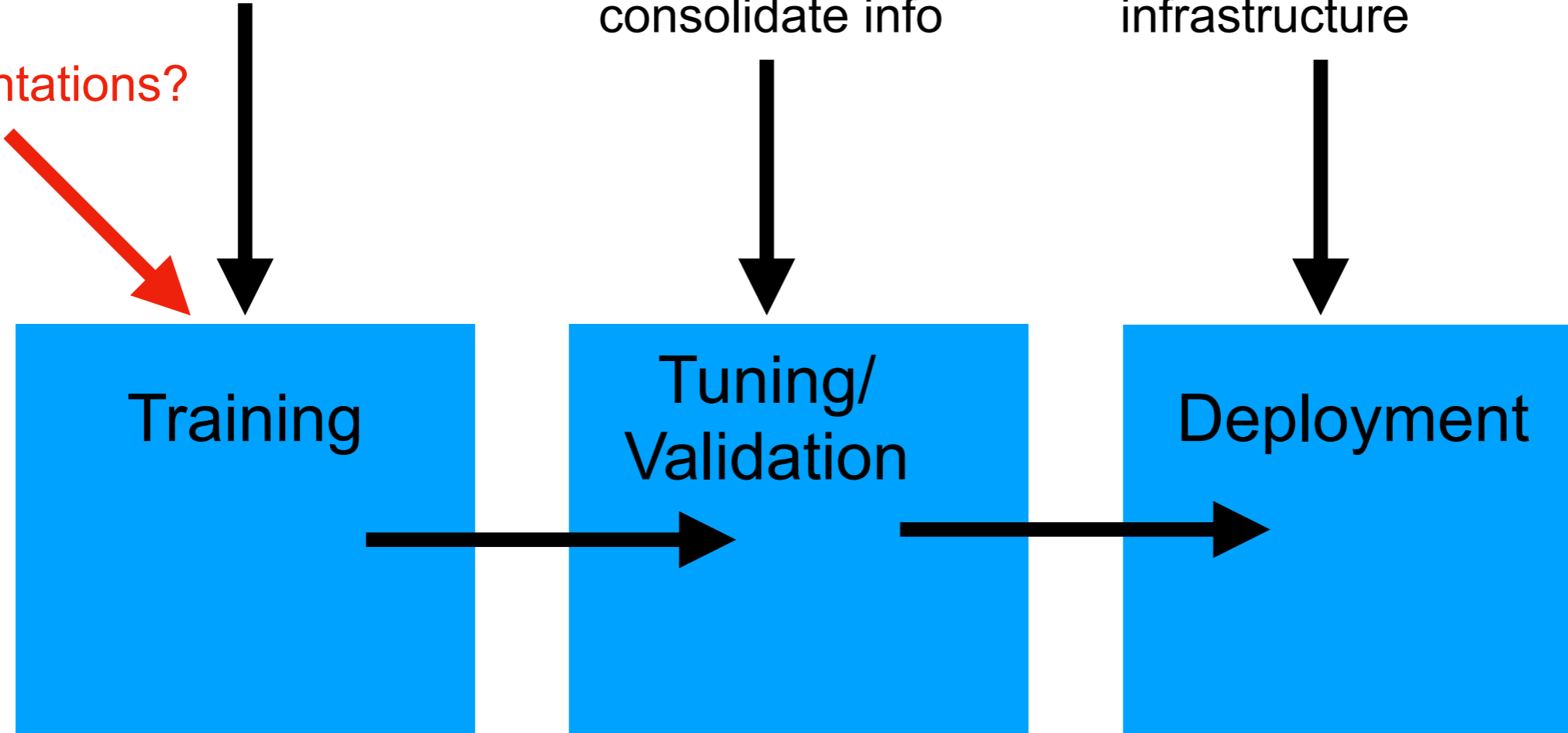
# Anatomy of an Algo

Good Data/Simulation  
For training

Critical software  
tools that  
consolidate info

Software/hardware  
deployment  
infrastructure

Augmentations?



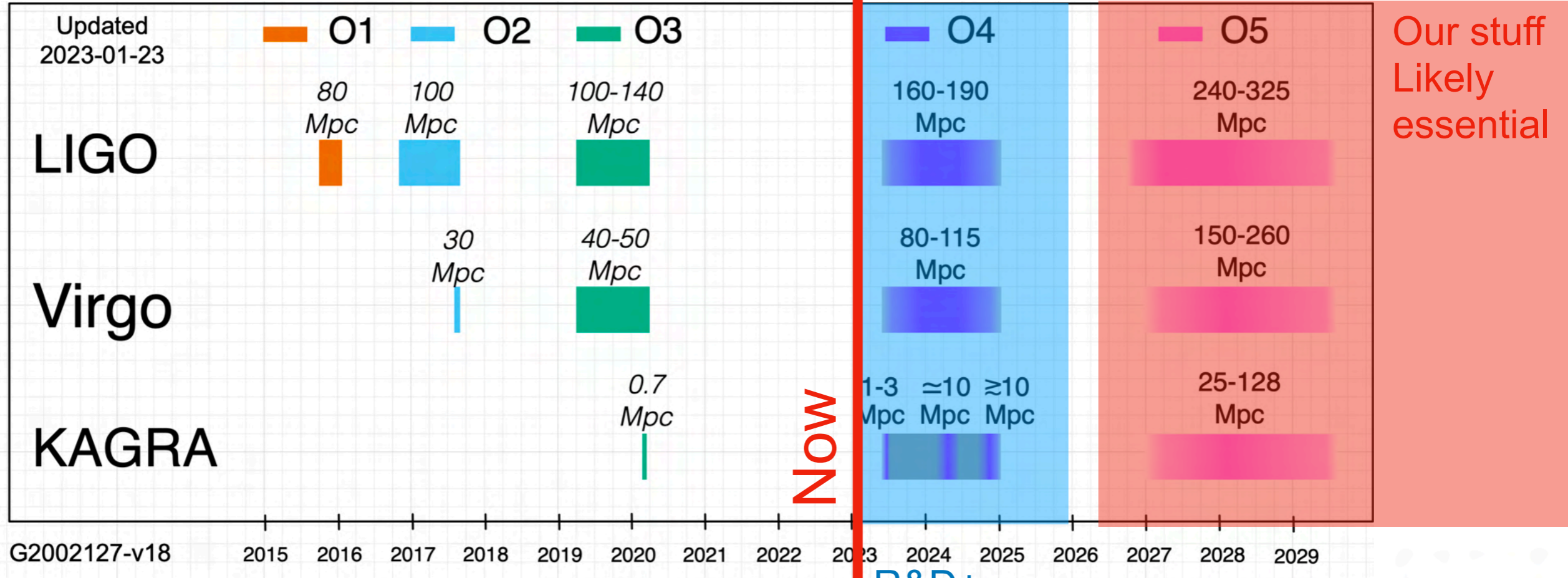
Local  
GPU

Local  
GPUs

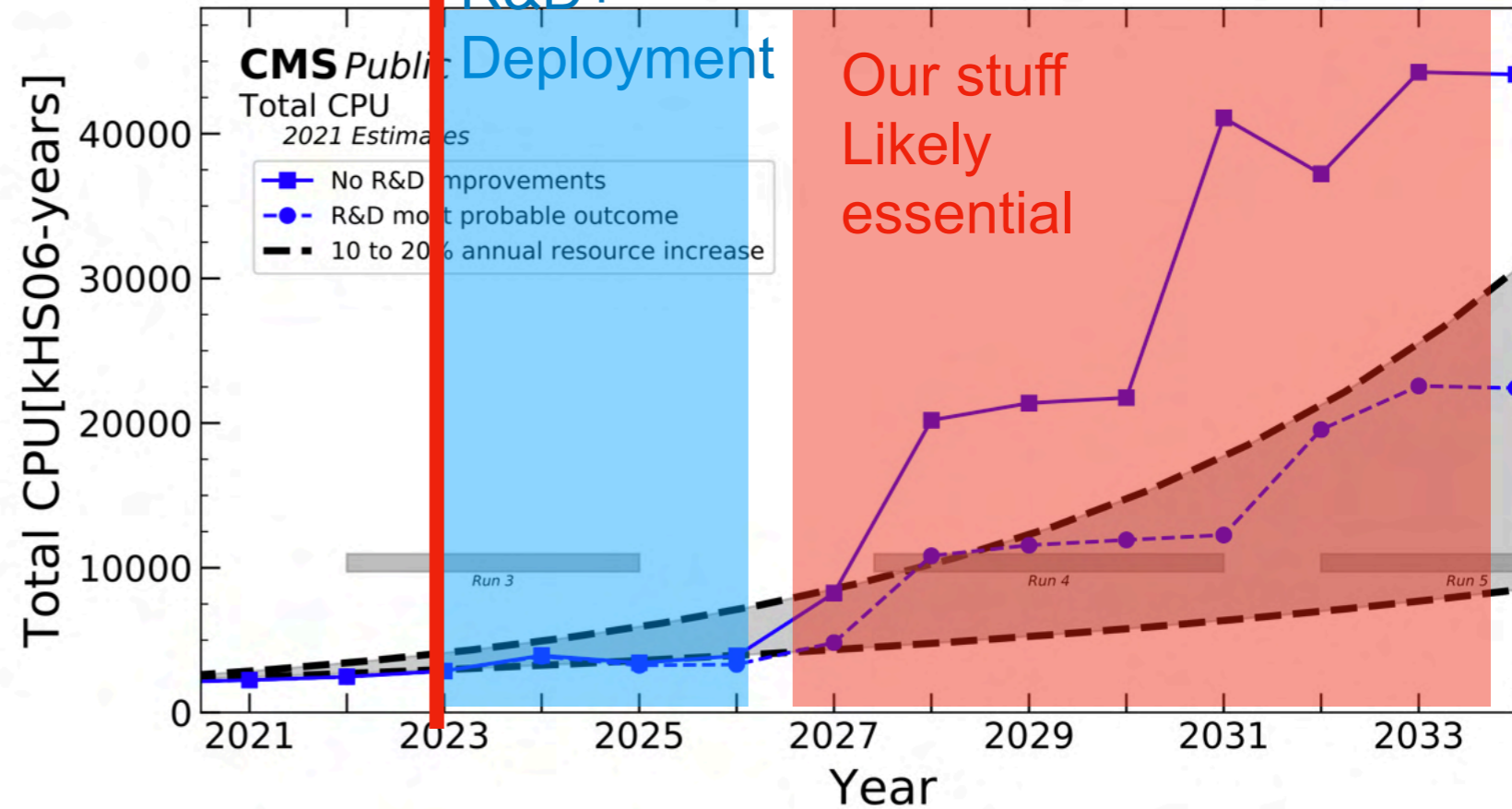
HPC?  
with what?



# Timelines<sup>25</sup>

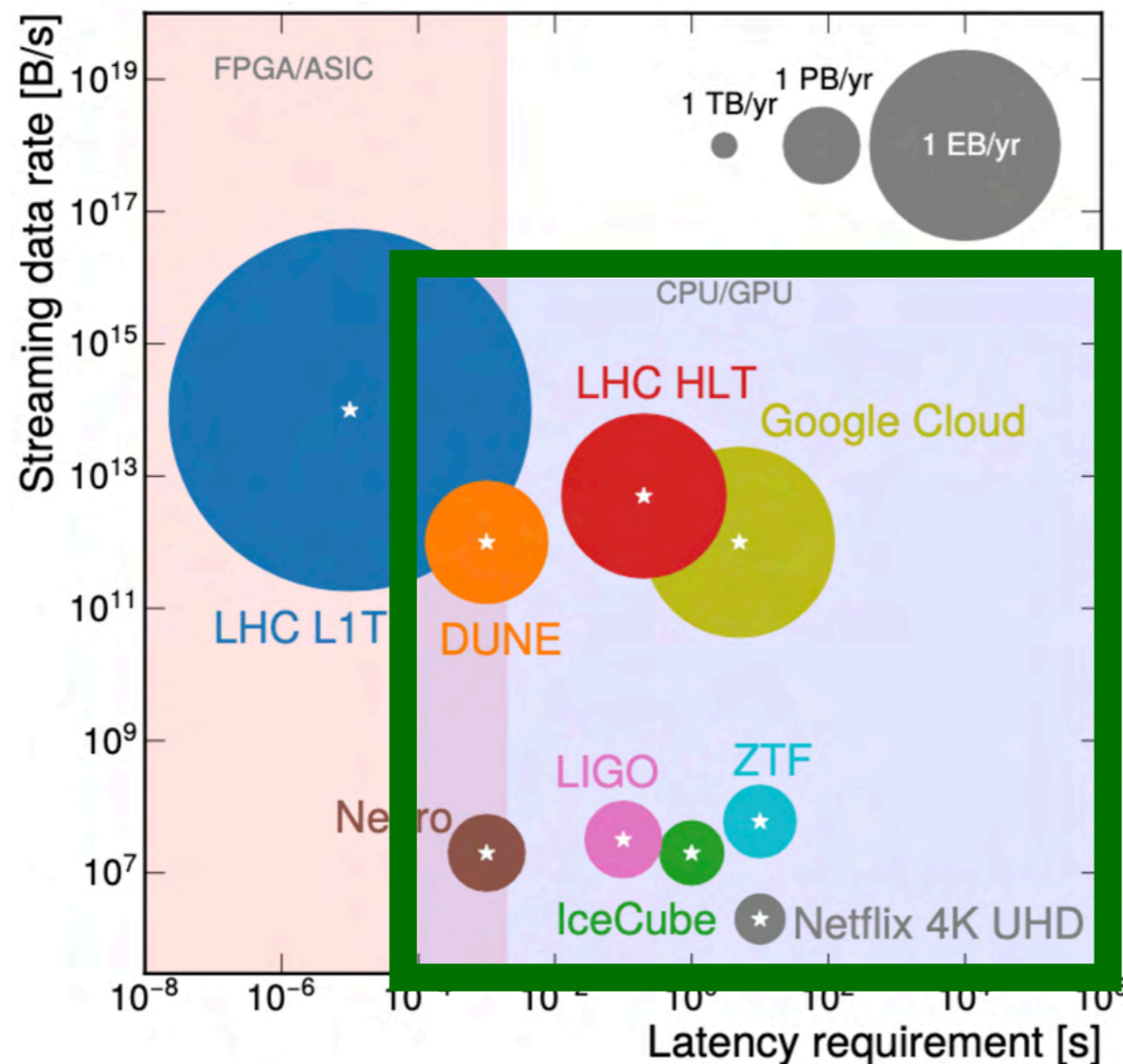


DUNE timeline and various astro timelines (Rubin/LSST) Should also figure in our overall schedule



# What computes are here?

- Within the FastML Community there is a broad range
  - We often try to characterize this range by customization
  - Low Latency and Low Power need more customization



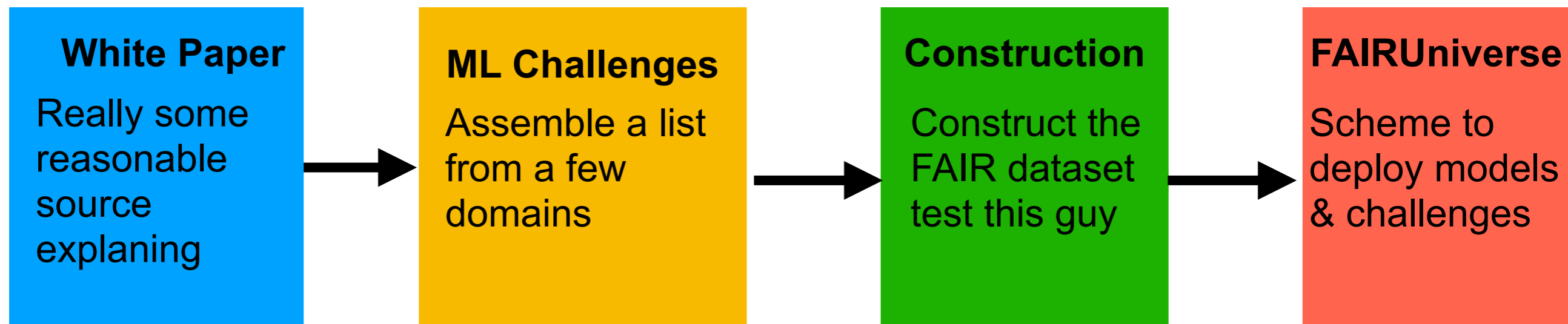
This is our focus here  
 We want to understand the high throughput component

# Visualizing Computing

- All of us in the room require at least one thing in common
  - Computers
  - Also, with GPUs/Coprocessors to accelerate things
- As part of this workshop we would like to create a graphic
  - This graph illustrates the computing demands
  - We hope this graphic can be used as a motivator
- The A3D3 graphic has gotten a lot of traction
  - Highlighting the specific challenges for this conference helps
  - Would like to share this with HPCs as a motivator

# ML Challenges

- Through the HDR community
  - We are working to organize a set of ML Challenges
  - Aiming to align this work with two other communities
    - MLCommons scientific (through ML tiny)
    - FAIRUniverse grant aimed at supporting

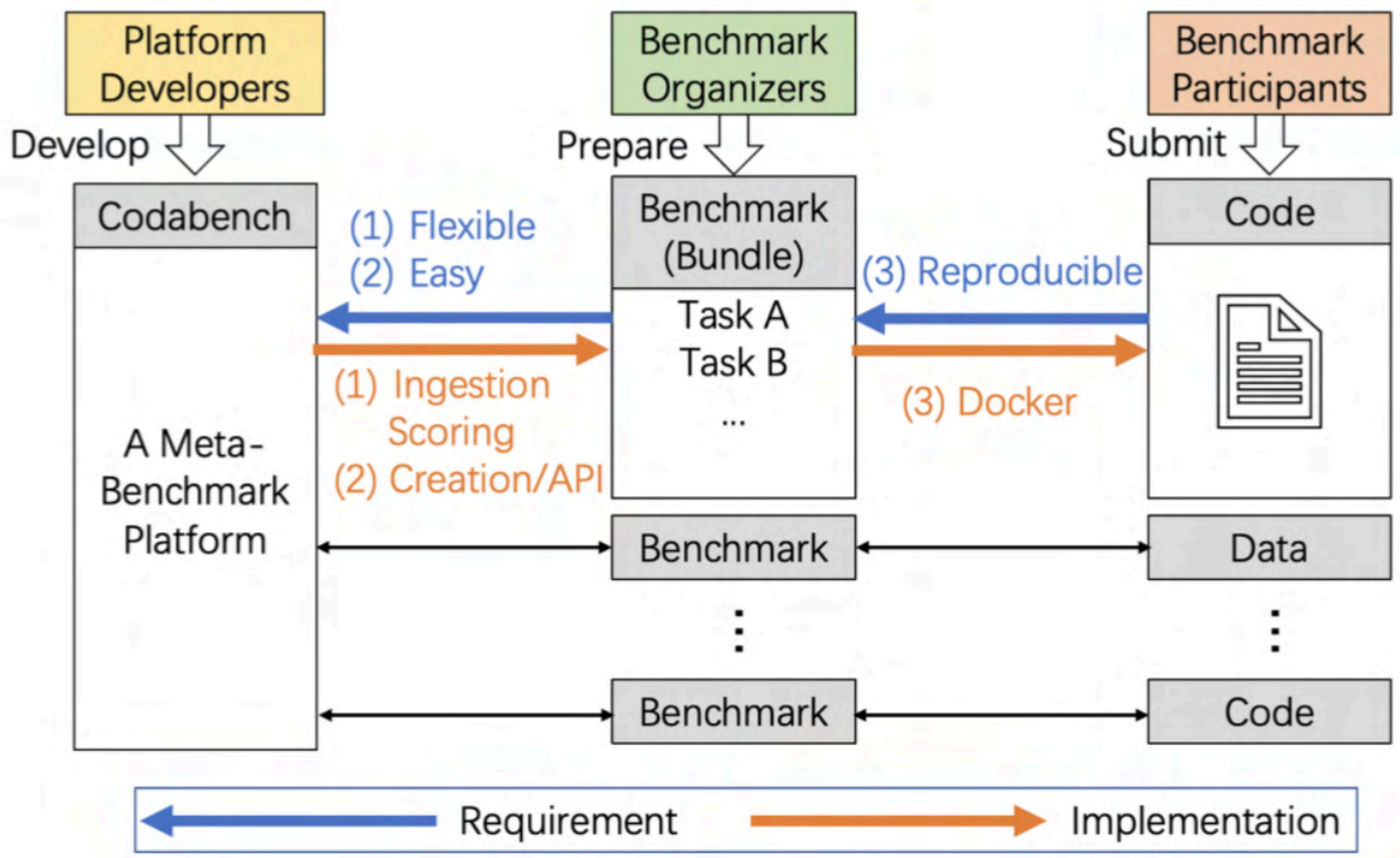


- Annual Bootcamp at UW to award results & have a tutorial

# FAIRUniverse has established Infrastructure

## Codabench and "Fair Universe" Platform

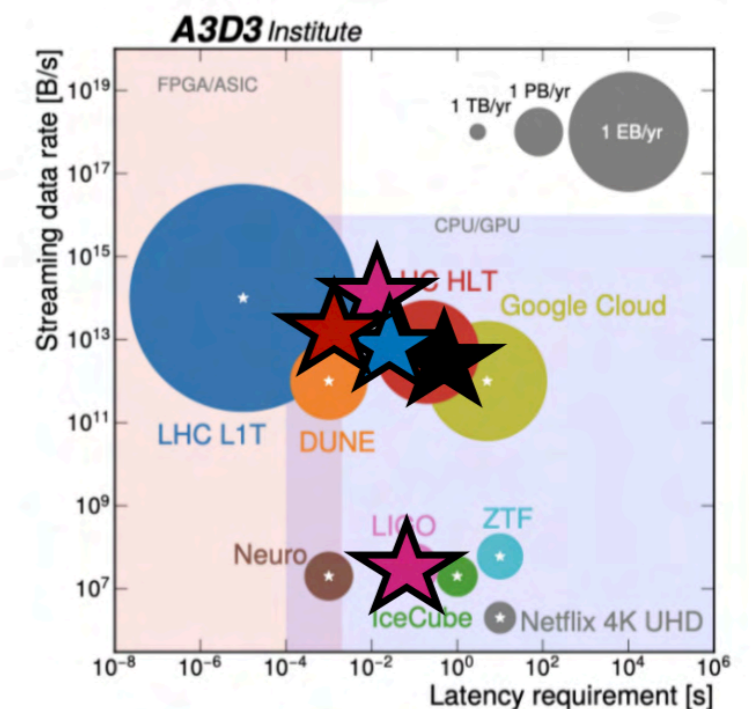
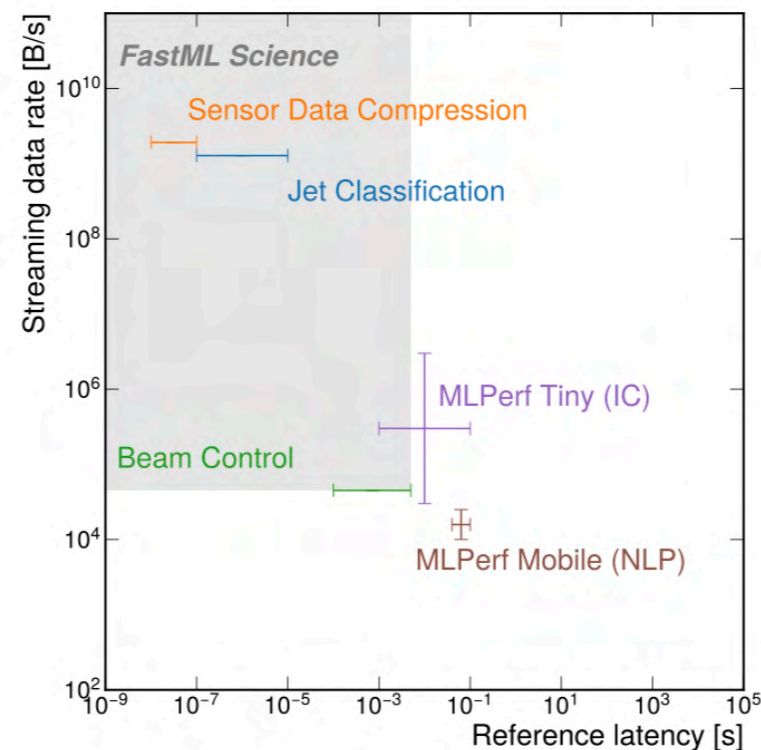
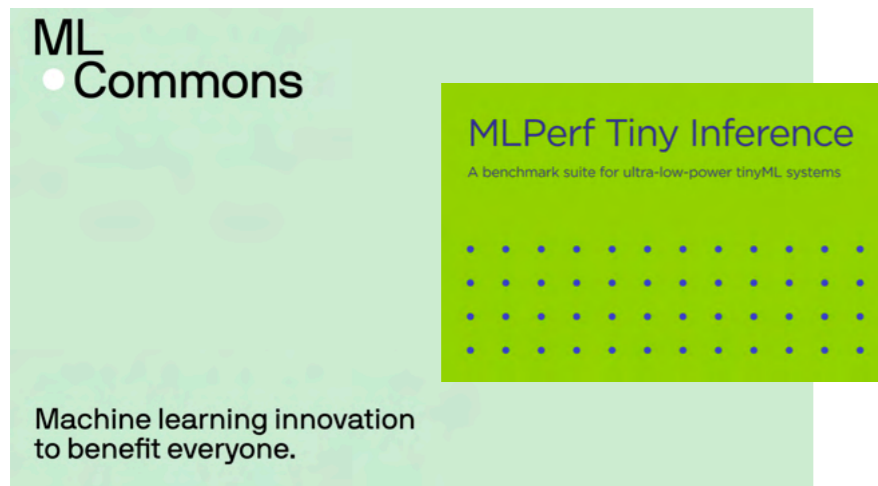
Based on <https://www.codabench.org/>



<https://docs.google.com/presentation/d/1hqnlvmMgPgVfm7GzDjb6vJfgafI3PRInd9SX1H0GoFA/edit?usp=sharing>

# Idea for ML Challenges

- There is one underway Icecube Kaggle Challenge
- Dylan's talk from FastML lists some HEP benchmark motivations
  - LHC tracking as a new benchmark
  - LIGO DeepClean as another benchmark
- More complicated challenges
  - Can we make a data generation challenge, or scheduling



# A Point to Highlight

- The best way for us to collaborate across domains
  - Making easy-to-use curated datasets or ML problems
  - We have the people in house to really test these datasets
- This is also a way to tie the different domains together
  - We can use this white paper to start testing out our challenges
    - ▶ Preparation of datasets
    - ▶ Release of models
- Can we get a dataset/model from each scientific domain
  - Also do we have the right benchmarks to do this?

# Conclusions

- Welcome! Enjoy your time here in Cambridge
  - We would like to write a white paper
  - We have some discussion time at the end of the conference
- Outline for the White paper (**Lets keep it short!**)
  - **Discussion of computing tools and software**
    - ▶ Path to aligning these across domains
  - **List of critical models in the field**
    - ▶ What makes these models
  - **One plot to rule them all and bind these sections**
- A roadmap for future computing can helps us move this forward



**Backup**