

DOE Office of Science User Facilities

NSF Large Facilities Office Annual Workshop
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Outline

- Background on the user facilities
- Our journey to create a corporate framework
- Early gains
- Acknowledgement: my colleague, Mariam Elsayed, has been a key to this work

SC = "Office of Science"

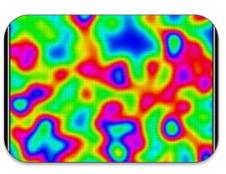
The Journey

- We defined "user facility."
- We defined "user."
- We learned how each facility counts users.
- We built a database of users ("user statistics").
- We built tools to show others.

Office of Science FY 2016: \$5.35B



Largest Supporter of Physical Sciences in the U.S.*



Research: 42%, \$2.2B



~40% of Research to Universities



> 22,000 Scientists Supported



Funding at >300
Institutions including all 17 DOE Labs



Construction: 13.5%, \$723M



Facility Operations: 38%, \$2.02B



>33,000 Scientific Facility Users**



^{* 43%} of all physical sciences, 30% of computer science and math

^{**} from all 50 states and DC

FY 2017 27 scientific user facilities









































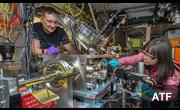
















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A user facility is a federally sponsored research facility available for external use to advance scientific or technical knowledge under the following conditions

Open

The facility is open to all interested potential users without regard to nationality or institutional affiliation.

Competitive

Allocation of facility resources is determined by merit review of the proposed work.

Free

User fees are not charged for non-proprietary work if the user intends to publish the research results in the open literature. Full cost recovery is required for proprietary work.

Accessible

The facility provides resources sufficient for users to conduct work safely and efficiently.

Unique

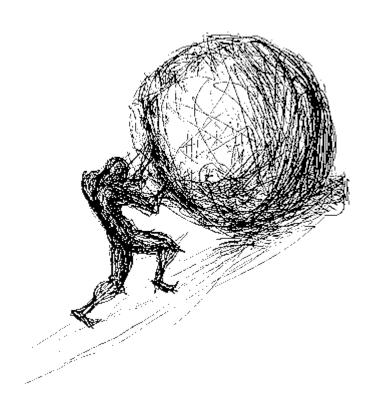
The facility capability does not compete with an available private sector capability.

Collaborative

The facility supports a formal user organization to represent the users and facilitate sharing of information, forming collaborations, and organizing research efforts among users.



Communicating the Story of the User Facilities





"I have constituents who depend on our national labs."



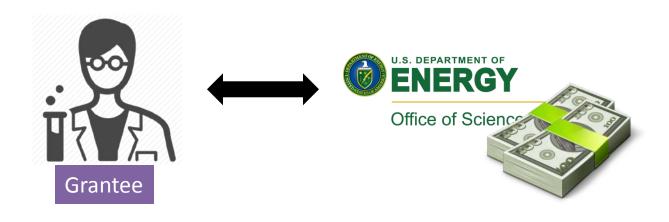
"Your state/district has a national lab and mine doesn't."

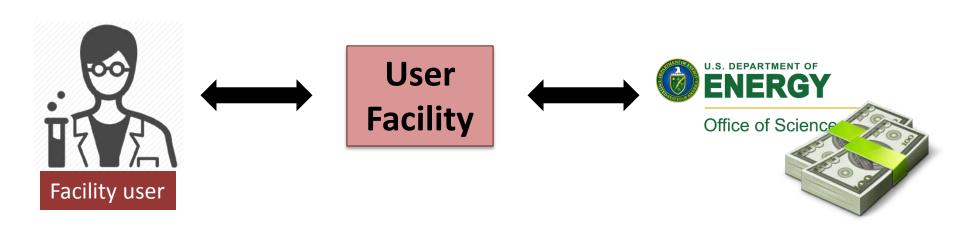


Challenges to Telling the Story of the User Facilities

- No corporate data on the users
- Heterogeneous portfolio
- Complex institutional relationships

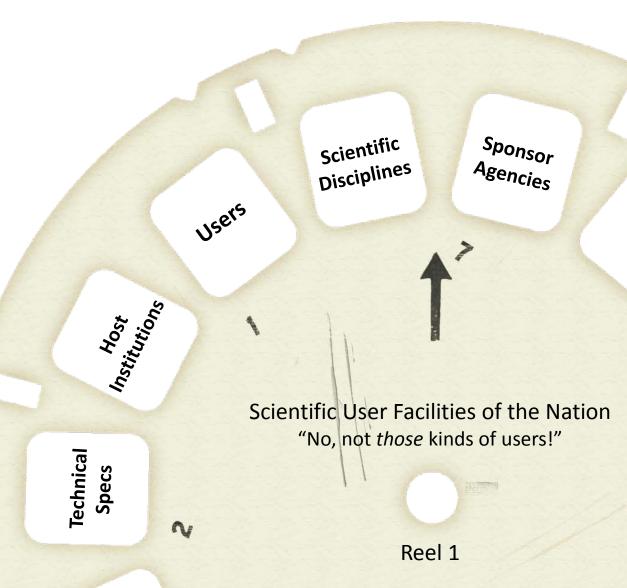
SC's Cognizance Challenge





Telling the whole story is challenging







Telling the whole story is challenging











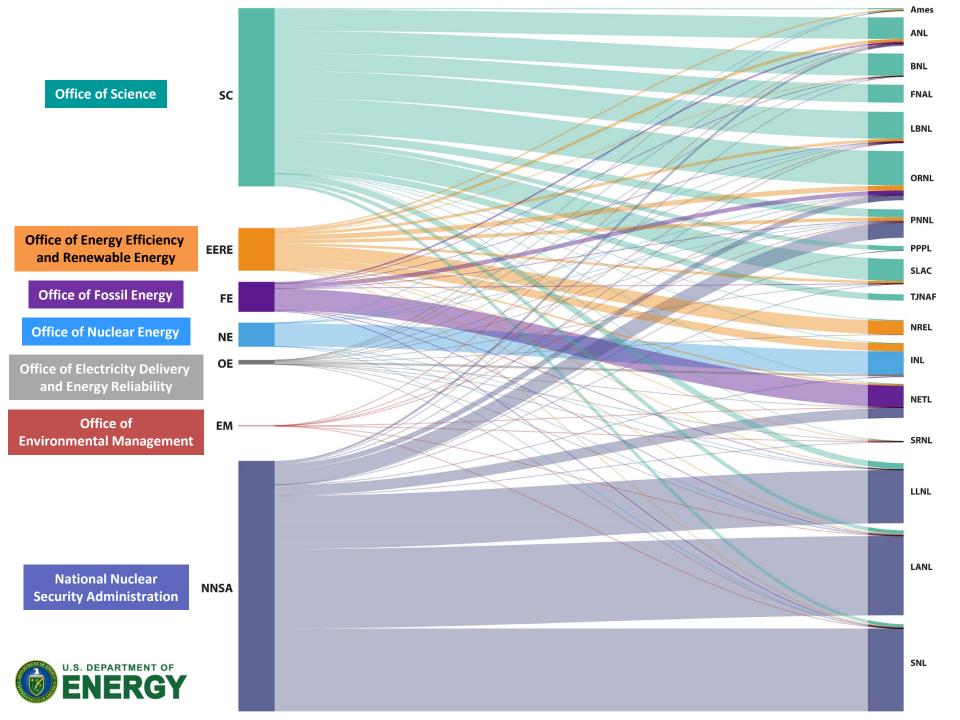




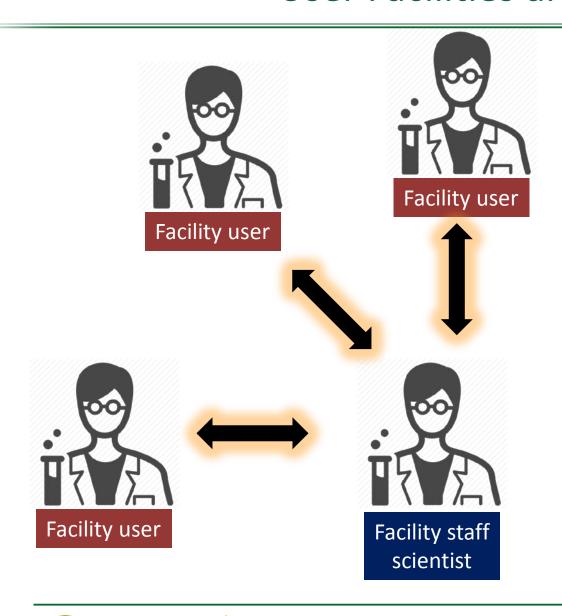








User Facilities are hubs



Discovery

new science across disciplines

Service

National Laboratories

Collaboration

hub for new connections

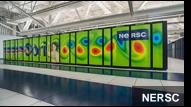
Vigor

pace and youth

FY 2017 27 scientific user facilities









































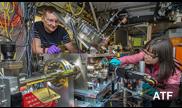
















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Why user statistics matter

- Telling the story of the user facilities
- Understanding how science is done, and how it is evolving
- Let's go back in time to 2013



Defining and counting users

Goals:

- understand and articulate the spectrum of user activity
- check veracity of current practices (overcounting?)
- identify gaps and opportunities (undercounting?)
- improve transparency for facilities and stewards
- respect historical data streams
- avoid unfunded mandates/logistical nightmares for facilities

Strike a balance between

 creating a system for rigorous, historical, sortable corporate user statistics (inspired by BES experience with the synchrotrons)

and

providing flexibility to facilities and stewards.

... and it has to work for all 31 SC user facilities



A note about process

Formed federal working group and defined "user facility" [2011]

Initial working group discussions / draft user definition

[spring/summer 2012]

Information call to the SC user facilities

[Aug-Sept 2012]

Refinement and vetting within the Office of Science

[Late 2012 – early 2013]



Defining and counting users

Outcome:

• a high-level <u>definition</u> applicable to all SC user facilities that defines three categories of user: On-Site, Remote, Data

coupled with

• a set of more detailed "<u>practices statements</u>" that explain the user statistics collection practices specific to each facility, or class of facilities.

The stewards – the SC Science Programs – are the authors of these statements.



The high-level definition (applies to all SC user facilities)

A user is an individual or a member of a research team who is granted access to resources at a user facility through an approved peer-reviewed proposal. An individual is counted as a user only once for a given facility in a fiscal year.

Each user of a scientific user facility is reported annually in one of three hierarchical subcategories:

- On-Site User an individual who is physically present at the facility at least once during the fiscal year.
- Remote User an individual who remotely accesses the facility at least once during the fiscal year.
- **Data User** an individual who remotely accesses data from an electronic archive supported by the facility at least once during the fiscal year.



Footnotes to the high-level definition

- A user need not be specifically named on the proposal; for example, personnel who join a
 research project after the proposal is approved are eligible to be counted as users. Individuals
 who pay for non-research specialty services and who are not covered by an approved peerreviewed proposal or who visit the facility for tours or educational purposes are not counted as
 users. Accreditations to research "outputs" such as author lists of resultant publications or
 patents from work at the facility are not an acceptable basis for counting users.
- Each individual is counted as only one user per facility per fiscal year regardless of how much
 work they perform or the number of projects with which that user is associated. An individual
 who utilizes more than one Office of Science user facility may be counted by each facility.
 There is no expectation that user facilities will share or compare user databases. For most, but
 not all, facilities the annual reporting period is the fiscal year.
- Reporting of a user who qualifies in more than one subcategory should resolve to the "higher" subcategory. For most, but not all, facilities On-Site trumps Remote and Data, and Remote trumps Data.



Practices statements (tailored)

Each practices statement contains two sections:

Capabilities provided to users:

A summary description that provides context for the typical ways that users interface the facility. The description includes:

- a short summary of the science that the facility enables
- the defining physical characteristics of the facility that inform how individuals utilize the facility
- the mode(s) in which it is utilized, including whether users work in series or in parallel
- a summary of the differences between the types of users.

Methods of acquiring user statistics:

A description of how the facility counts the three categories of user: On-Site, Remote, and Data. In some instances the description includes the logistical criteria by which the facility counts users (e.g., through execution of a user agreement and completion of safety training).

Practices statement for all BES user facilities

• On-Site User: An individual who is physically present at the facility to conduct research on an approved research proposal.

The facility shall count each user who has completed registration, training, safety documentation, has a valid user agreement, and has a badge that facilitates tracking.

• Remote User: An individual who has been granted the authority to remotely produce data through computer access, or by shipping samples to facility scientists for data measurements, or by receiving custom-manufactured materials, tools, or devices from the facility scientists because the facility has unique or unusual capabilities to fabricate.

The facility shall count each user who has completed registration, obtained required permissions for remote access, has a valid user agreement, and submitted an experiment safety form.

• <u>Data Users:</u> N/A. None of these facilities generate electronic data archives that would be utilized by the external community. An individual who reduces and/or analyzes data and who is neither an On-Site nor a Remote User is not counted as a Data User.

Practices statements: example of tailoring

All BES user facilities

Remote User: An individual who has been granted the authority to remotely produce data through computer access, or by shipping samples to facility scientist for data measurements, or by receiving custom-manufactured materials, tools, or devices from the facility scientists because the facility has unique or unusual capabilities to fabricate.

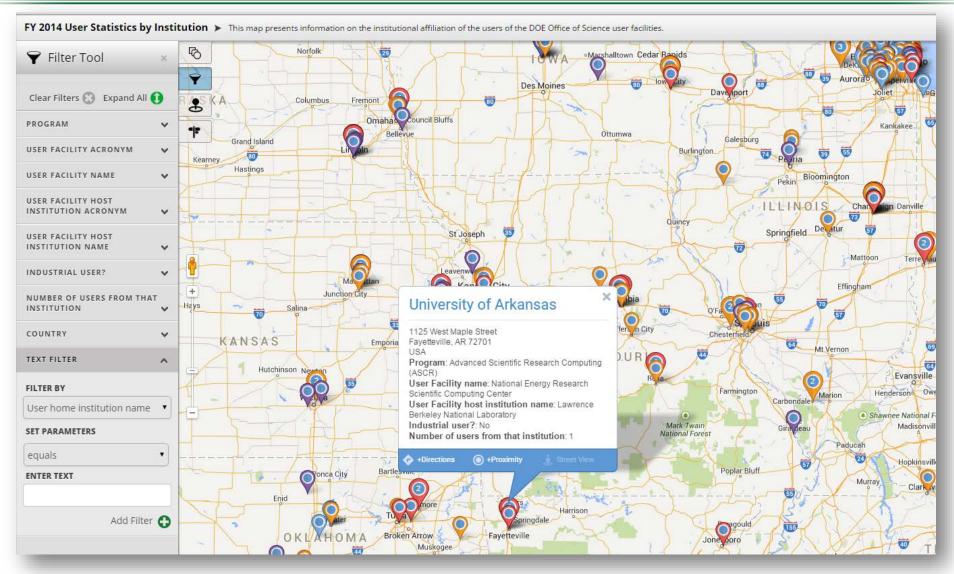
All NP user facilities

Remote User: An individual who has been granted the authority to remotely produce data through computer access or who has developed equipment or software at their home institution that plays a role in the production of data during the experiment.



Results and Early Gains

You can explore interactive maps of SC grantees and facility users on our website



National Lab Day on the Hill April 20, 2016



National Lab Day on the Hill April 20, 2016

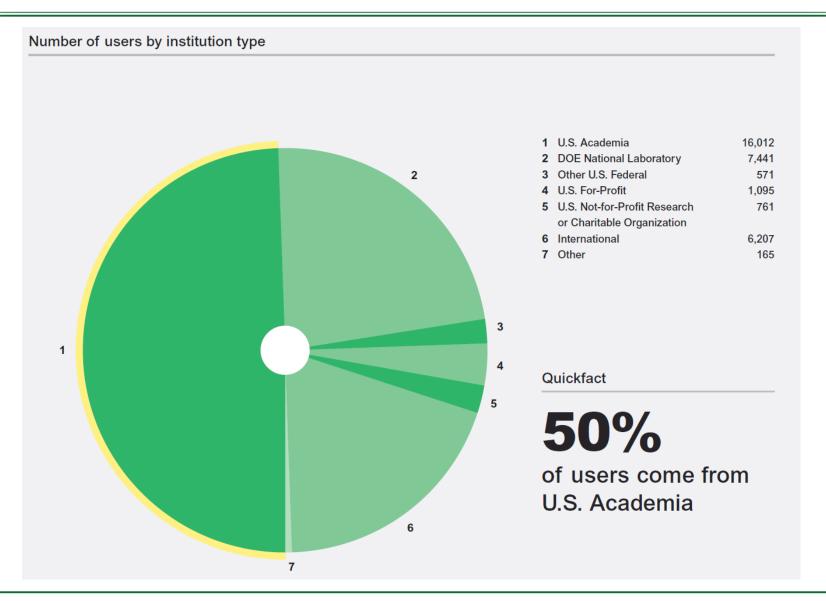


Office of Science User Facilities Summary Report, FY 2015

http://science.energy.gov/user-facilities



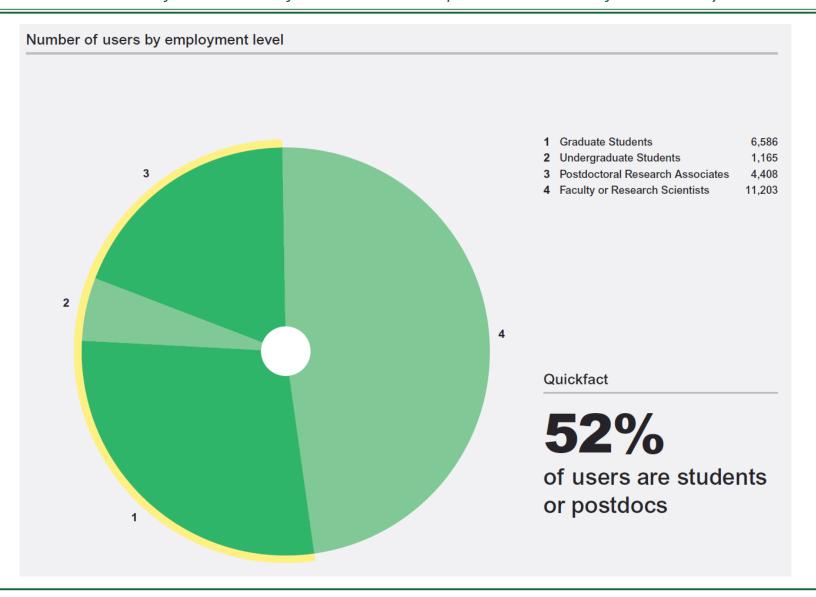
Number of Users by Institution Type





Number of Users by Employment Level

Note: users for whom this information was not reported were omitted from this analysis









5,574 projects



National Science Foundation





National Institutes of Health

1,182 projects



Department of Defense

371 projects



National Aeronautics and Space Administration

174 projects



Department of Agriculture

45 projects

Other federal sponsors

Environmental Protection Agency Department of Transportation United States Geological Survey Department of Homeland Security Department of Education Department of State

National Institute of Standards and Technology National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention **Nuclear Regulatory Commission**

Quickfact

5,688 projects supported by a non-DOE source

U.S. industrial users



Industrial Institutions

Industrial institutions

297 U.S. For-Profit Institutions

155 U.S. Small Businesses

55 Global and U.S. Fortune 500

3M
ABB
Abbvie
Amgen
Apple
Applied Materials
AstraZeneca
BASF
Boeing

BP

Caterpillar
Chevron
Cisco Systems
Colgate-Palmolive
Corning
Cummins
Dow Chemical
DuPont
Eli Lilly
Exxon Mobil

Ford Motor
General Electric
General Motors
Gilead Sciences
GlaxoSmithKline
HP
Honeywell Int.
IBM
Intel
Johnson & Johnson

L-3 Communications
Lockheed Martin
Merck
Micron Technology
Monsanto
NEC
Northrop Grumman
Novartis
Pfizer

POSCO

PPG Industries
Procter & Gamble
Robert Bosch
SAIC
Samsung Electronics
Sanofi
SABIC
Schlumberger

Siemens

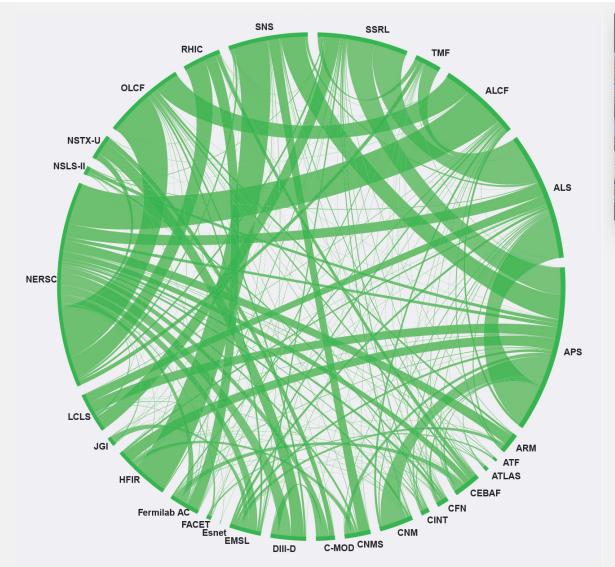
Sinopec Group

United nics Weste

Southern Total Toyota Motor United Technologies Western Digital

User Crossover Among SC User Facilities, FY 2015

The width of the ribbon connecting two facilities corresponds to the number of users who utilized both of those facilities





Quickfact

3,000+ users performed research at two or more facilities in FY 2015



FY 2017 27 scientific user facilities











































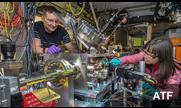
















Office of Science

The Journey:

Led by the Federal sponsors, collaborating and listening to the experts on the ground

- We defined "user facility."
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- We learned how each facility counts users.
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Thank you!

Questions?

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